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VIA ATHENS TO
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ZURICH, FRANKFURT, LONDON

MARGINAL COLUMN

By MEIR MINDLIN

JUST how seriously ought one to take the latest Soviet seven-year plan? In the past the wish has been father to the plan, and propaganda considerations have played a conspicuous part, not to mention the occasional vagueness of the goals and usual obscurity of the real results achieved. However, the Russian economy has grown greatly in the post-war period, and the Soviet leaders are serious about "overtaking" the West. Thus they would like to increase the gross industrial product by 80 per cent in this coming seven-year period, though the planned annual rate of growth is to be less than that of recent years, and considerably lower than that of the post-war decade.

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MACHINE building is to be doubled, chemical production trebled, oil and natural gas are to provide more of the fuel and are to be exploited further east, more cheaply, in Siberia and Kazakhstan. In millions of metric tons, crude steel production is to grow from the present 55 to 88 in 1965 (the American 1957 figure being 102); crude oil from 113 to 235 (American: 354); coal from 475 to 600 (465); cement from 34 to 78 (53); and electric power in billions of kWh from 233 to 500 (716). While heavy industry has overfulfilled its targets in past years because of the heavy priority it was given, Soviet promises of consumer production have remained promises, but now light industry may very well increase its output by half, as planned. Russians are promised more interesting food and better clothing too, and work-saving household gadgets are to be available to a circle somewhat broader than the present high-income bureaucratic and technocratic elite, but nothing approaching the widespread American ownership of cars and gadgets is envisaged.

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SINCE this plan comes at the tail end of an American recession, it has aroused a certain amount of concern in Western circles. Surely it would be falling into the Russians' own wish-fulfilment fallacy to imagine that Western production is going to remain static, a convenient frozen norm for the Soviets to overtake. Such assumptions could gain credence from the main thesis of John Kenneth Galbraith's latest book ("The Affluent Society") according to which the famous American economist claims that the U.S. is suffering from over-production which in turn produces a vicious circle of manufactured needs. One would prefer that American (and eventual possible Russian) overproduction could be rationally channelled to the underdeveloped countries of the world, until they can start worrying about overproduction too.

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IF Khrushchev's planned rise in national income does take place then the planned 40 per cent rise in real wages could very well be attainable. The terrible housing shortage is also to be dealt with (there are now four people to a room in the cities, the aim being to reduce this to two). A 40-hour work week is promised for 1962, declining to a 35-hour five-day week in 1964, to be implemented by stages. Productivity is to be the key to these aims, and we shall see whether they are more than "election promises" for the forthcoming 21st Party Congress.

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AGRICULTURE is another matter, the field in which the Soviets have had the hardest time because of their stubborn inflexibility and inhuman methods. The gross product is to increase by 70 per cent, but it is important to emphasize that the target for grain (180m. tons annually) is about that of the *unattained* objective of the two previous plans.

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WHETHER the Soviet Union attains these goals or not, there is likely to be considerable development, and Khrushchev's object is to present the challenge of his high living-standard in the competition for the leadership of Africa and Asia. Competition in living standards is not such a bad thing, so long as it sticks to unmilitary economics. And a more leisured and better-educated Russian public might not be so shockingly meek politically. Or would they just continue singing hymns to the hand that feeds them?

Jerusalem, December 1, 1958.

U.S. Not to Abandon Berlin Responsibility

U.S. Secretary of State Dulles flew from Washington to President Eisenhower's holiday retreat at Augusta, Georgia, on Sunday, to confer on the Berlin situation. The Assistant Secretary of State for European Affairs, Mr. Livingston Merchant, accompanied Mr. Dulles.

After the conference, Mr. Dulles stated that the President "reiterated our Government's firm purpose that the U.S. will not enter into any arrangement, or embark on any course of conduct, which would have the effect of abandoning the responsibilities which the U.S., with Britain and France, has formally assumed for the freedom and security of the people of West Berlin."

In Berlin, the Commander of the U.S. Army in Europe, Gen. Henry Hodes, declared at a press conference that "any action against the U.S. garrison in West Berlin would be regarded as an attack on the U.S."

Mayor Willi Brandt of West Berlin said in a broadcast that a "free city" of West Berlin as proposed by Russia last Thursday would be a temporary concentration camp to be taken over later by East Germany.

The East German Communist leader, Walter Ulbricht, said in an interview with the "New York Times" on Sunday that his country would consider a Western airlift to Berlin as "a military threat."

Ulbricht said he was unwilling to see talks on Berlin "unnecessarily complicated" by widening them into discussions on the reunification of Germany.

In London, current intensive diplomatic consultations are expected to result soon in a decision on when and where representatives of the three Western powers and West Germany — probably their Foreign Ministers — will meet to face the Soviet challenge. The House of Commons is to discuss the situation on Thursday. *(Reuter)*

Libya to Review Accord with U.S.

TRIPOLI (Reuter). — Libya intends to open negotiations with the U.S. to review the 1954 Libyan-American agreement to establish U.S. air bases in Libya, Prime Minister Abdul Majid Koobar announced on Sunday.

In his speech from the throne at the official opening of the fourth session of Parliament, the Premier said, "My Government is glad to announce its determination to enter negotiations with the American Government to review the contents of the Libyan-American agreement, concluded in 1954, and to review its supplements in accordance with the national interest."

Abdul Majid also announced a new five-year plan to equip the Libyan Army with modern weapons.

In a reference to "repeated aggressions" on Libya's southern frontiers, he said a Government committee was to investigate the matter "to find steps to secure the stability, peace and security" of this region.

The Prime Minister said Libya welcomed the "Provisional Algerian Government" established in Cairo and considered it a big step towards finding a fair and democratic solution to Algerian aspirations, and to realize peace and stability in North Africa.

NOT CRICKET

NICOSIA (Reuter). — Cyprus Radio on Sunday broadcast a warning to British troops to search football pitches before playing on them after a mine was found on a soccer ground on Saturday.

Russia Tests Non-Stop Bomber

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — Russia is flight-testing a giant nuclear-powered delta-winged bomber whose range will be limited only by engine wear and the endurance of its crew, it was reported here Sunday night.

The authoritative magazine "Aviation Week" said the bomber, with a fuselage 195 feet long and a wing-span of 78 feet, had been flying in the Moscow area for at least two months.

It said the plane was powered by two nuclear power plants housed on the wings. These were supplemented by two conventional wing-tip turbo-jets installed for safety reasons during the early flight tests.

Although it might be another 18 months to two years before the bomber is ready for operational service, there is a distinct possibility that a non-stop non-refuelled flight round the world might be attempted in the near future.

In an editorial accompanying the report, "Aviation Week" said the appearance of the prototype bomber came as "a sickening shock" to the dedicated group of Americans working on a similar project with only limited funds. "Once again the Soviets have beaten us needlessly to a significant, technical punch."

The magazine said that, with an American decision due in December on prototype construction of a similar weapon, it is clear to even the most conservative technical analysts that we are at least four years behind the Russians in this critical area."

Randolph Churchill's THE SUEZ STORY in The Jerusalem Post

The first of a daily series of extracts from Randolph Churchill's sensational new book will appear in *The Jerusalem Post* tomorrow, by special arrangement.

Mr. Churchill has promised his readers "the harsh facts of life as they are, with no distortion of class or party." His book, which is being serialized in the London "Daily Express," has won, by a short head, a race with the complete memoirs of Sir Anthony Eden, which are to be published shortly.

TITO SAILING FOR ASIA THIS WEEK

BELGRADE (Reuter). — President Tito is preparing for imminent departure on a 10-week visit to Asian and Middle East countries.

The goodwill tour was officially announced several weeks ago, but all details have been withheld. It is now apparent that the marshal will set out during this week. High officials refused to give any information beyond saying there would be an announcement very soon.

Marshal Tito will visit Indonesia, India, Burma, Ceylon, Egypt and possibly some other countries. He will travel partly by sea aboard his 5,600 ton yacht "Galeb" and partly by air.

ARNON IN GHANA

ACCRA (INA). — Dr. Ya'acov Arnon, Director-General of the Israel Finance Ministry, has arrived on what is described as a routine visit to the Israel Embassy. He is to stay in Ghana for a few days and then proceed to Monrovia.

4-DAY BOYCOTT OF 'CONVENIENCE' FLAGS

LONDON (Reuter). — The four-day boycott of ships sailing under "flags of convenience," due to have started at midnight on Sunday, is likely to be only partially observed because of the refusal of dockers in several countries to take part.

Flags of convenience are carried by some 15,000 non-union ships registered, but generally not originating, in Panama, Costa Rica, Honduras, or Liberia.

In many countries dockers are divided about the boycott and in others its legality is being challenged in the courts.

(Haifa stevedores, on the instructions of the Histadrut, are to refuse handling cargo for two ships now in the port — the Moura, registered in Panama, which has brought general cargo, and the Amada, listed as Costa Rican, which is to load cement.)

Britain and the East and Gulf coasts of the U.S. are solidly behind the boycott, but the West German and Italian unions have refused to take part.

The seven-million-strong International Transport Workers' Federation has organized the boycott.

Jordan Expected to Free All Political Detainees

All political detainees in Jordan are expected to be released within the next few days, "A-Diffa" reported on Sunday, in noting the royal decree abolishing martial law as from Monday (today).

Another Old City daily, "Falastin," said that the Supreme Court in Amman has regained the jurisdiction it surrendered to the Supreme Military Tribunal established on the proclamation of martial law on April 25 last year.

"Falastin" also said that the posts of District Military Governors have been abolished.

(Leader — Page 8)

The seven-man crew of the Egyptian 150-ton schooner Massoud, seized in Haifa Bay on Saturday morning, await interrogation. The master was allowed to remain on board the ship now in Kishon harbour. The Massoud, on her way from Alexandria to Beirut with a cargo of salt and rugs, strayed into Haifa Bay at 3.30 on Saturday morning with the crew believing she had reached her destination. She tried to flee when accosted by a police patrol boat, but was caught and boarded.

Sudan Recognizes Peking

KHARTOUM (Reuter).—A communique from the Council of Ministers of the new Sudanese regime issued here Saturday night announced immediate recognition of Communist China, opposition to all military pacts and limited willingness to accept "aid without strings."

The statement, announced by Foreign Minister Ahmed Kheir, also said Sudan would support the Algerian, Cameroon and Cyprus "liberation movements."

It said the new regime would preserve international law and all agreements and conventions signed by national governments since Sudan attained independence.

"We, as a link between Arab and African countries, will make all efforts to strengthen the Arab League and relations with all African and Arab countries, especially the United Arab Republic and our sister neighbour, Ethiopia," it added.

"Sudan will accept any aid without strings as we need it, and we welcome all foreign capital, whether from governments, individuals or firms."

Information Minister Mahmad Talat Farid was quoted by Cairo Radio on Sunday night as saying the Sudanese Government is interested in the Soviet offer of a loan which had been made to the previous regime. He added that the Sudan was ready to accept any Soviet aid proposal as it was willing to receive any offer of help from the U.S.

According to a statement issued in Khartoum, the Government has accepted a £10m. loan from West Germany.

SYRIANS STEAL KINNERET NETS

TIBERIAS. — Syrians on Saturday stole 36 nets cast by Israel fishermen near the eastern edge of Lake Kinneret. They are valued at IL1,250 without the fish they contained, also stolen by the Syrians.

A complaint has been filed with the Mixed Armistice Commission over this latest in a series of invasions of Israel waters and thefts of fishing equipment.

Lebanese Troops Search for Arms

TRIPOLI (Reuter). — Scores of troops swooped on central Tripoli on Sunday as part of the drive against arms carrying, which travellers here said is still prevalent among rebels in North Lebanon.

Other troops guarded approaches to the town and travellers on the Tripoli-Beirut road were repeatedly checked.

New measures in Beirut reported on Saturday include orders to security forces to shoot armed persons failing to stop when challenged. The Government also announced that all firearms permits would be cancelled from December 15.

Lebanon's return to normal is still being marked by occasional outbursts of violence. There were armed clashes last week in the Basta quarter of Beirut and at Mashchara, South Lebanon.

Meanwhile, the withdrawal of the U.N. Observer Group in Lebanon (UNOGIL) is running ahead of schedule and may be completed by December 8, a spokesman said on Saturday.

Mr. Bruce Stead, chief administrative officer at the U.N. Office in Amman, has been holding talks with Lebanese Government officials in Beirut on a proposed liaison office which would take care of supplies and travel facilities for the staff of Mr. Pier Spinelli, U.N. envoy in Lebanon.

A U.N. spokesman emphatically denied that this would constitute any form of U.N. "presence" in Lebanon.

Rashid Karami, Lebanese Prime Minister, said on Wednesday that any continued U.N. presence after the UNOGIL withdrawal was "absolutely out of the question."

Rightist Parties Extend Gains In Second Round of French Election

Social Welfare Ministry To Remain Vacant Pending Study

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Cabinet on Sunday decided, after a lengthy discussion, not to reassign the portfolio of Social Welfare at the present time and instead appointed Dr. Giora Lotan, Director General of the National Insurance Institute, to make a thorough study of the Ministry's structure and functions.

This decision was taken following last week's rejection of the post by the Progressive Party, the Government spokesman disclosed.

It is understood that a majority of the Cabinet voted down a renewed proposal to dissolve the Ministry. But those who favoured the maintenance of an independent Welfare Ministry are understood to favour restricting its activities to matters of social work and welfare grants.

Ministry's Wide Range

It was with this in mind that the Cabinet appointed Dr. Lotan to undertake the organizational study of the Ministry prior to the appointment of a new Minister. The wide range of the Ministry's activities at present included judicial matters in connection with charitable trusts and juvenile delinquency, educational matters concerning juvenile and adult probation services; as well as the supervision of certain public institutions which, it is thought, might be incorporated within the province of the Interior Ministry.

Dr. Lotan served as head of the Social Welfare Department of the Va'ad Leumi, prior to the establishment of the State, and was appointed Director General of the National Insurance Institute when it was established in 1954 within the Labour Ministry. He served also as Israel representative at the Social Commission of the U.N. Economic and Social Council for five years, and is considered an expert of international standing on social welfare.

Upon completion of Dr. Lotan's report — expected in the next few weeks — it is considered likely that he may be appointed Director General of the Welfare Ministry after various functions are assigned to other Ministries. Meanwhile the Prime Minister will continue to serve as Acting Minister of Social Welfare.

Supreme Court Justices

The Cabinet also decided to empower the Minister of Justice to ask the Knesset to raise the number of Supreme Court Justices to 11 from the present nine. The decision followed a request to the Minister by the President of the Supreme Court, Justice Olshan, to increase the number of Justices to 10. The request was endorsed by Mr. Rosen at the Cabinet meeting and is understood to be based on the heavy burden of work carried by the present nine Justices. The Cabinet accepted Mr. Rosen's argument, but after "further consideration" decided to increase the number to 11, the spokesman disclosed.

Knesset approval of the number of Supreme Court Justices is required by law.

It is learned that the President of the Supreme Court saw no need for the appoint-

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 7)

Ministers Annul 'Who is Jew' Rules

Jerusalem Post Reporter

All directions on the registration of children of all ages from mixed marriages have been cancelled, according to a decision of the Committee of Three which met Sunday morning prior to the Cabinet meeting. This was announced by the Prime Minister to the Cabinet, which approved the Committee's decision without further discussion.

With this decision the directives issued by Interior Minister Bar-Yehuda last July, which brought about the resignation of the Religious Ministers from the Government, have been annulled. The annulment applies also to the registration procedure in force prior to these directives and which dates back to the tenure of Mr. Moshe Haim Shapira, of the Religious Party, as Interior Minister.

It is understood that further consideration will be given to the question of registration upon receipt of the answers from Jewish scholars in Israel and abroad. It is believed that the Cabinet did not consider at present coopting the newly-appointed Minister for Religious Affairs to the Committee of Three.

Communists at Bottom of List

PARIS (Reuter). — Near-final results in the second round of voting in the elections in metropolitan France on Sunday showed continuing right-wing gains. The Communists stood at the bottom of the list. Leading members of the Socialist Party also suffered defeats.

The Minister of the Interior, M. Emile Pelletier gave the official state of the parties at midnight for all seats except one (including the 39 decided the previous Sunday) as follows:

Conservatives 133, Gaullist UNR 188, MRP Catholics 57, Radicals and Near Radicals 37, Socialists 40, Communists 9.

The Socialist Party leader, M. Guy Mollet, was re-elected in his northern France constituency of Arras, but the former Socialist Foreign Minister, M. Christian Pineau, was beaten, according to unofficial results. Other Socialist candidates defeated included M. Robert Lacoste, ex-Minister for Algeria, and M. Jules Moch, Interior Minister in the Pflimlin Government.

The Communist leader, M. Maurice Thorez, was re-elected in the Communist suburb constituency of Ivry. The No. 2 Communist, M. Jacques Duclos, was defeated by a Gaullist in another Paris suburb constituency.

Mitterand Defeated

M. Francois Mitterand, Near Radical and former Justice Minister who opposed Gen. de Gaulle's return to power, was beaten despite Communist support.

Gen. de Gaulle's Minister for Overseas France, M. Bernard Cornut Gentille, was elected in the Alpes Maritimes Constituency. He is the seventh de Gaulle Minister to be returned to the new Parliament. Six were elected in the first ballot the previous week.

The first de Gaulle Minister to be defeated was M. Eduard Ramonet (Industry and Commerce), a right-wing Radical.

Former Premier Felix Gaillard, Chairman of the Radical Party, was elected.

In most of metropolitan France weather was cold and foggy when the polls opened.

Gen. de Gaulle and his wife voted in the morning at the village hall at Colombey les Deux Eglises, east of Paris.

Voters in the large towns of Algeria went to the polls in hot sunshine after two days of torrential rain had marked polling in the countryside Friday and Saturday.

All the candidates declare themselves supporters of General de Gaulle, but their views range from moderate leftist and men whose programme is "absolute confidence in Gen. de Gaulle," to uncompromising advocates of complete integration of Algeria with France.

Disappointed because Pierre Mendes-France, former Radical Premier, was defeated in the first round of the elections the previous Sunday, M. Lebrigus, 60-year-old inmate of a home for the aged in Beuzeville, Western France, jumped into a pond and was drowned, police said on Sunday.

The former Prime Minister has meantime given up his last official post as Mayor of Louviers.

The defeat of M. Mendes-France was "toasted with champagne throughout Algeria" at army officers' messes and at parties, the leading French anti-Semitic paper, "Rivarol," reported in this week's issue.

Algerian Soldier Kills 6 Comrades

ALGIERS (Reuter). — Six men were killed on Saturday when an Algerian soldier in the French Army opened fire on his comrades in the back of a truck at Fondouk near here, military authorities revealed on Sunday.

Four soldiers in the truck were killed. The soldier then shot dead an officer. Troops returned the fire, killing the truck driver. The soldier was captured.

An army lorry carrying voters to a polling station near Bourichoun in the Medea area, south of Algiers, was blown up by a mine on Saturday. A jeep was blown up near Bourichoun in the same area.

No casualties were reported in either incident.

The French Army High Command in Algeria described as a "grotesque manoeuvre" a communique issued by the Algerian insurgent organization, the National Liberation Front, in Tunis, alleging that a mutiny had broken out in Setif, eastern Algeria.

It said the F.L.N. was trying to "divert world attention from the serious crisis" in the ranks of the insurgent forces.

Today and during this week:
Choice MEAT
Brisket and Soup Meat IL. 5.400 Kilo
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Tel Aviv: 79 Ben Yehuda Road, Bus No. 4.
Open from 7 to 7 — Parking Lot.

We announce with deep sorrow the death of
Rachel Kamber
née Cohen from Keidan (Lithuania)
The funeral will leave the Rambam Hospital, Bat Galim, Haifa, today, Monday, Dec. 1, 1958 at 1 p.m.
DOV (Boris) KAMBER, husband
YITZHAK KAMBER and Family, U.S.A.

Our sincere condolences to the bereaved family on the death of
Eliahu Moshe Epstein ז"ל
Chairman of the Bnei Zion Fund in Israel, Ltd.
His name will always be remembered.
In the name of the village
Bnei Zion Committee and Council

The Management and Staff of "DELEK" The Israel Fuel Corp. Ltd.
extend their sincere condolences to
Mr. GIDEON PERLMAN
on the passing away of his father,
Dr. Shmuel Perlman ז"ל

A MEMORIAL SERVICE
AND THE UNVEILING OF THE TOMBSTONE
on the 1st Anniversary of the death of
our dearly beloved
Moshe Bejarano ז"ל
will take place on Thursday, December 4, 1958, at 2.30 p.m. at he Kiryat Shaul Cemetery.
The Bejarano Family

To Mr. Israel Rogosin
and the Management of
Rogosin Industries Limited
Ashdod
Hearty Congratulations on starting of Production
ELCO
Israel Electro-Mechanical Industry Ltd.
Ramat Gan

To Mr. I. Rogosin
the Management of Rogosin Industries Ltd., Dan Ben-Dor and Dr. Raphael Ben-Dor, Architects
Our congratulations and best wishes on the occasion of the opening of the new plant in Ashdod.
Hamat Ltd., Asor
Contractors of the Steel Construction and Iron Works

Asher
Feuchtwanger
Contractor of
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING WORKS
and Staff
extend their best wishes to
Mr. ISRAEL ROGOSIN
and the Managers of
ROGOSIN INDUSTRIES Ltd.
ASHDOD
on the commencement of production at their plant.

ONLY
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GIFTS TO SAVINGS
DEPOSITORS DURING SAVINGS WEEK
NOVEMBER 30, 1958 — DECEMBER 6, 1958
Money deposited during Savings Week can be withdrawn any time at 30 days' notice
Graded Interest 3%-6% p.a.
All our branches open until 7 p.m.
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Sozial & Personal

The President's standard was lowered to half mast on Sunday to mark the death on Thursday of the Bulgarian President, Major-General Georgi Damyanov.

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The premiere of the Norwegian film "In Such a Night" took place on Saturday night at the Chen Cinema in Tel Aviv in the presence of Mr. Carl M. E. Irgens, the Norwegian Minister, members of the Legation staff and the diplomatic and consular corps.

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The participants in the Afro-Asian Seminar on Cooperation were the guests of the Rafad Labour Council at a reception on Sunday.

*

The Migdal Insurance Company has presented IL10,000 to the Hebrew University on the occasion of the 80th birthday of Dr. Georg Halpern, the veteran Zionist leader who was Director of the Company for many years. The gift is to be used for a fellowship to enable a graduate of the University to further his studies abroad in the field of insurance.

*

Mr. Menahem Azaryahu (Grofman) has been appointed Inspector of Recognized (Agudat Yisrael) Schools by the Ministry of Education and Culture.

*

Joseph H. Westreich, Warner Bros. supervisor, has arrived from Paris.

*

The exhibition of L. Schwerin paintings at the Chemerinsky Gallery, 36 Rehov Gordon, Tel Aviv, will remain open till December 8, 1958.

The Swedish Minister has visited the exhibition and bought a painting, "Shells and Fish."

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A public symposium on "Judaism and Humanity" will be held at Beit Hillel in Jerusalem at 8.30 p.m. on Monday (today) on the occasion of the 30th day after the death of Prof. Yosef Klausner. Those taking part in the symposium are Mr. Yitzhak Gruenbaum, Prof. Yishayahu Leibowitz, and Mr. Shalom Ben-Horin. Prof. B. Akzin will be the moderator.

*

EXPRESSION OF THANKS. Mrs. Leah Breier, Tel Aviv, wishes to express her sincere thanks to all those who kindly sent her condolences on the death of her husband, Walter Breier.

CHURCHILL IS 84

LONDON (Reuter). — Sir Winston Churchill — 84 on Sunday — savoured the full delight of birthday celebrations with his family at Chartwell, his country mansion in Kent, near London.

The old statesman loves birthdays and the present anniversary has given him the chance to spread the festivities over a whole weekend.

Since Friday, those grandchildren not at boarding school had popped in and out of Chartwell to show grandpa they have not forgotten. On Sunday night, all nine were invited to the family dinner party.

Clients Crowd Bank To Get Prizes

TEL AVIV.—Clients crowded into all the 43 branches and main offices of the Israel Discount Bank on Sunday when the "Prizes for Savings" scheme was inaugurated.

Individual deposits ranged downward from many of several thousand pounds and the depositors were seen happily bearing off their prizes which they received as soon as they opened their account and made their deposit.

The prizes include books, table cutlery and household goods.

All branches were open till 7 p.m., two hours after normal afternoon banking hours, to make it possible for working people to make deposits.

Daughter of Cyprus Governor Arrives

LYDDA AIRPORT. — The attractive 20-year-old daughter of Sir Hugh Foot, the Governor of Cyprus, arrived here by B.E.A. on Sunday from Nicosia with Mr. O. Ben-Ami, head of the Ashdod corporation, for a week's visit. Miss Sarah Foot was spending her school holiday with her parents at Nicosia.

Mr. Ben-Ami, former Mayor of Natanya, told the ITIM correspondent here that his friendship with the Foot family dated back to the Mandatory period when Sir Hugh was District Commissioner at Nablus, an administrative area which included Natanya.

LYDDA FLIGHT SCHEDULES

ARRIVALS: TWA 882 from New York, Paris, Zurich, Rome and Athens at 2230. Alitalia 496 from Rome and Athens at 2359. K.L.M. 527 from Amsterdam and Munich at 0010 (Tuesday). Air France 192 from Paris and Rome at 0140 (Tuesday). Olympic 600 from Athens at 2300.

DEPARTURES: Swissair to Athens and Zurich at 0700. El Al 411 to Rome, Munich and Brussels at 0830. El Al 101 to Cano, Leopoldville and Johannesburg at 0040 (Tuesday).

ISRAEL NATIONAL

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Forthcoming Premiere:

MADAME BUTTERFLY

with

Michiko Suahara

Japanese singer of international renown in the title role.

Tickets at the Box Office (10-1, 4-7). Tel. 27760. Subscriptions available at Opera House, Allenby Rd.

Rodzinski Dies In Boston, 64

Artur Rodzinski, who died in Boston at the end of last week of a heart attack at the age of 64, was one of those genial European-born conductors who helped raise American orchestras to their present world standard.

Born in Dalmatia of Polish parents and educated in Vienna, Rodzinski conducted his first concerts in Lwow and Warsaw. Arriving in the U.S. in 1925, he was invited by Stokowski to join the Philadelphia Orchestra under him in 1926. From there he went on to the Los Angeles Philharmonic and the Cleveland Orchestra, taking time off to help set up Toscanini's NBC Symphony Orchestra in 1935, to lead the New York Philharmonic in 1937 and to conduct at the Salzburg Festivals of 1936 and 1937, the first American conductor to do so.

Taking up the New York Philharmonic on a permanent basis in 1943, he quickly rose to international fame but resigned on issues of programming policy four years later and took over the Chicago Symphony. He left it in 1948 as a result of friction with the management, but, here again, not before his brilliant conducting had endeared him to the local audience.

In the past ten years he had performed all over Europe and America as a guest conductor in great demand, although of late his performances grew rarer. He had recently been living in Italy, whence he was invited to the U.S. again last month to conduct a series with the Chicago Lyric Opera. Opera was his *forte* ever since his first days in Poland and the subject of his particular attention in America, where he introduced it into symphony orchestra schedules.

Confesses to Murder For Which Another Hanged

QUEBEC, (Reuter).—Quebec police are studying a reported confession by a Mohawk Indian of a murder for which Wilbert Coffin, 43-year-old prospector, was hanged in Montreal nearly three years ago.

Police in Miami, Florida, said a man arrested there for prowling had told them he killed three American bear-hunters in the wilderness of Quebec in June, 1953.

They described him as a Canadian Mohawk Indian who hated White men because of ill-treatment he said he had suffered while in prison in New York State.

Coffin, convicted of one murder, went to the gallows protesting his innocence. His execution had been postponed seven times to permit appeals that went as high as the Federal Cabinet.

Remains of Shanghai Jews Transferred

LONDON (INA). — Exhumation of the remains of 4,000 Jews buried in four Jewish cemeteries in Shanghai, was carried out upon the instructions of the Shanghai city authorities, and their transfer to a cemetery outside the city wall over 12 miles from the original places of burial has been in progress since September, reports the World Jewish Congress.

Instructions for removal of the cemeteries were issued in July, reports the Shanghai Council of Jewish Communities. The Shanghai city authorities agreed to meet the expenses involved in the exhumation, transfer and the setting out of a new cemetery.

TWO RESIDENTS of the Ramatayim ma'bara, Ezra Bendin, 24, and Hanania Gabbai, 21, were on Sunday fined IL300, with the alternative of 30 days, for draft evasion.

Ashkelon Preparing Skilled Men For New Plant; 600 Laid Off

By PHILIP GILLON

ASHKELON. — The Ministry of Labour and the Histadrut are opening on Monday (today) a new school for 33 potential electricians and fitters and turners who will begin six-month courses to prepare themselves for skilled work in the Kaiser-Frazer plant due to start operations here at the end of 1959.

Bulldozers and tractors are already clearing the site for the four factories of the Kaiser-Frazer-Pegard-Ilin group which are scheduled to employ 1,000 men; the Government is helping with loans amounting to IL10m. Ashkelon should be exultant about the change in the town's fortunes but instead the city is gloomier than it has ever been since the threatened closure of the Yuval Gad Pipe Factory. The reason is that Solel Boneh is to dismiss 600 employees this month.

During the Tenth Anniversary year Ashkelon building workers prepared an exhibition showing their contribution to the development of the South of Israel, which earned enthusiastic comment from leading members of Government and the Histadrut. Signboards commemorating their achievements are dotted throughout the Western Negev and Lachish Development Area.

During the last nine years the town has consolidated a strong corps of highly trained and experienced builders. Six hundred are recognized as experts; four hundred, considered unskilled, have worked for years for Solel Boneh.

Immigrants into Workers

Since 80 per cent of the building activity in the South is done by Solel Boneh for the Housing Division of the Department of Labour, both the Histadrut and the Government have quoted with justifiable pride this transformation of raw immigrants into high-grade workers.

Now these men face mass unemployment as a result of an anomaly in State policy.

The Housing Division of the Ministry of Labour has already disposed of its budget for the current year plus a 25 per cent advance made to it by Solel Boneh. No more money is available for ordinary building programmes. But there is a supplementary budget for building housing for new immigrants from Eastern Europe; the Minister of Labour is already earmarking funds on the strength of the Aliya loan.

Inhabitants of the Ashkelon *ma'bara* demonstrated recently against the failure of the authorities to fulfil promises of its liquidation. Now the authorities argue that they cannot build housing for new immigrants in Ashkelon because this might provoke further displeasure in the *ma'bara*. This decision will apply not only to building based on the Aliya loan, but also to the budget for 1958-59. In effect this means that Ashkelon will be "crystallized" at its present stage.

People who have been settled for many years, who have bought houses and have built their lives around the certainty of continued employment in the town, will now be forced to migrate from it, thereby increasing the proportion of social cases. Although the building workers have been employed by Solel Boneh for up to nine years they have acquired no rights to compensation, owing to a system which regards them as "temporary" and not "permanent" employees. Some of them are employed on a "contract" basis.

At a stormy meeting of the Labour Council last week the local manager of Solel Boneh, Mr. Dov Ofer, explained the dilemma posed by the town's *ma'barot*. The general secretary of the Council, Mr. Moshe Margolit, maintained that there was no reason why new immigrants should not be settled simultaneously with the liquidation of the *ma'barot*. The meeting decided to take up the matter with the Minister of Labour and the Va'ad Hapoel of the Histadrut.

The Shock Of His Life

NEW YORK.—Mr. Pinhas Shapiro has left New York's Montefiore Hospital with a portable electrical device designed to jolt him back to life if his heart stops.

Mr. Shapiro, 76, was taken to hospital last June suffering from total heart block and hardening of the arteries. Conventional treatment proved useless. Doctors inserted a tiny wire with an electrical shocking tip through a vein into the pumping chamber of his heart.

When his heart stopped a short slight shock automatically jolted it into action again.

Soon the patient was able to go for days without a shock and was finally allowed to walk about on the end of a 50-foot extension cord.

Today, Mr. Shapiro no longer has the wire in his heart. His family has bought him a portable device strapped to his chest and plugged it into an ordinary wall socket which sends the shock through his chest.

Singer Appeals Lower Court's Sentence

The appeal of Police Superintendent Yosef Singer against the one-month suspended sentence imposed on him 40 days ago by the Tel Aviv District Court for committing perjury was submitted to the Supreme Court on Friday.

Through his attorney, Mr Ya'acov Henigman, of Tel Aviv, Singer stated that the lower court had erred in saying that his testimony was relevant to the guilt or innocence of a former police officer, Z. Steinberg. He also said that if he had misled the court, it had not been deliberately. *(Itim)*

'Spare the Rod'

TEL AVIV. — "The public must grow to learn that it is forbidden to beat children on the street," declared Magistrate E. Wachs on Friday in sentencing a driver to a month's imprisonment for beating and injuring a 10-year-old boy.

The driver, Leon Pinsker 36, of Tel Aviv was driving past a street on which children were playing. He blew his horn and all the children dispersed except for Yedidia Kozlovsky, who remained standing at the side of the road.

According to the charge, Pinsker leaned out of the truck and hit the boy in the back of the head as he passed him. The boy was sucking a hollow reed at the time and the force of the blow pushed the reed down his throat. He had to go to hospital for 10 days for treatment. *(Itim)*

Of Cars and Girls

LONDON (Reuter).—American cars are "vulgar and monotonous," Mr. Henry Dreyfuss, a leading U.S. industrial designer, wrote on Sunday in "Scope," a British monthly for business and industry.

"They're like the legendary brassy blonde. She's pretty, dazzling for the first five minutes, but then you're embarrassed to be seen with her," the article said.

Bruce Box **production, used by the citrus industry, will be done completely in Israel with the introduction of a new lathe in the Ta'al factory in Kibbuts Mishmarot. Above Commerce Minister Pinhas Sapir (centre) is seen inaugurating lathe on Friday.**

Judgment Reserved In F.M. Dismissal Case

Judgment was reserved by the Supreme Court on Friday on the return day of the order *nisi* granted in August to Mr. David Eshed, Second Secretary of the Israel legation in Rio de Janeiro. The order called upon the Foreign Minister and Civil Service Commissioner to show cause why he should not be reinstated.

Mr. Eshed, married and the father of a daughter, was dismissed due to allegations that he had maintained relations with women during his tenure of office in Rio de Janeiro, and that his actions were detrimental to the good name of the State.

He was dismissed twice. The first dismissal was withdrawn by the Foreign Ministry, but the second, which he is contesting, took place after the Cabinet decided in September that "a Minister, with the approval of the Foreign Affairs Ministerial Committee, may dismiss a civil servant, even without the approval of the Civil Service Commissioner, any employee working abroad if, in the opinion of the Minister, sufficient reasons exist for this step."

No Longer Abroad

Mr. E. Shimron, his attorney, claimed before the Court that the second dismissal was not in line with this decision since it had been made after Mr. Eshed had been recalled to Israel, and therefore he could no longer be considered an "employee working abroad."

Mr. S. Kwart, appearing for the Government, claimed that the provision did apply, since Mr. Eshed had not been assigned to any other post.

During the discussion, Justice Olshan, President of the Supreme Court, pointed out the weak legal position of a civil servant in regard to dismissals. Mr. Kwart replied that pending promulgation of a Civil Service Law, the rights of civil servants were less than those of a worker in an English Club. He added that the Israel missions abroad were something like "glass houses," and that their reputations must be jealously guarded. Mr. Yosef Nehamias, now Inspector General of Police, submitted written material in his former capacity as Deputy Director General of the Foreign Ministry.

The Court was composed of the President, Justice Olshan, and Justices Berinson and Witkon.

Skirts for Little Girls or Big Dolls

Seven skirts "for big dolls or little girls" have been contributed to the Toy Fund by Aled Ltd. They will make seven little girls who come under the Ministry of Welfare Foster Parents scheme very happy.

With the contribution of 4,000 assorted toys, Jerusalem Pencils' managing director, Mr. Alexander Rafaeli, writes: "May I again congratulate you on this nice tradition which you have established in the country, which gives a number of citizens the possibility of extending good wishes accompanied by small presents to those children who lack them."

From Kfar Glickson children three large packages were received, and from Kiryat Motzkin School six bags. Part of the toys was bought by the children from their own pocket money.

The Shohar Studios of Moshav Bet Herut sent 400 jig-saw puzzles, 40 chess boards and eight domino sets. Dr. Foca Hirsch, of Cidey Co. Ltd., sent a collection of model planes with the compliments of Vickers-Armstrong (Aircraft) Ltd.

As they do every year, Care of Israel and the Lieber Co. sent 1,500 packets of sweets. Fifty Golden Books were received from Steimatzky's and 25 boxed games from Shalem Ltd. Mrs. Yaron of Shikun Rassco in Tel Aviv filled a whole baggage compartment with toys she had collected in the neighbourhood.

Cash contributions yesterday reached IL574.900 bringing the total to date to IL7,632.382. The contributors include:

IL50 Yehoshua Biderman, Tel Aviv.
IL25 Citrus Marketing Board, Tel Aviv.
IL20 Dr. Jacobson Advertising, Tel Aviv.
IL15 Mrs. Alice Moller, Haifa.
IL12 Moshav Habonim, Haifa.
IL10 For Arnon & Avinoam from grandfather; In memory of Yeshayahu Weinberg; Moshe Munwes; Dr. Max Lefkowitz; Rachel Bl., Tel Aviv; Family Pearlman; Miryam & Yael R., Jerusalem; Zeva Ltd., Kfar Ata, Va'ad Hapkidim of Tanibour Paints Ltd., Haifa.
IL5 Mrs. Sternhardt; Mr. Freiman; Mr. Moses; Berlisheimer, Ramot Hashavim. Nina Zahavi to her 4th birthday in memory of her great-grandparents Haya & Abba Gotteaman; In memory of Chanan (Heinz) Pelz who fell for our Homeland in March 1948. J.B. Ellison; Mrs. E.E.; Avraham & Yitzhak Liss; Anonymous, Tel Aviv. In memory of Nelly, Ashkelon-Afridar; Cantor Family, North Saint Paul, Minnesota, U.S.A. M. & H.V. for Michal and Yael; Dany and Micha Maschless; N.N. Haifa. N.N. Kfar Ata. Paula Mayer; Gabriella and Edna Kissmann; N.N.; Ehud & Michael Zimmermann; Gaby Munzberg & Benny Fischer, Jerusalem.
IL4 Ehud & Ophra Shorr, Jerusalem in memory of Dr. A. J. Ishion.
IL3.200 E. Hollander, Ramot Hashavim.
IL3 A.B.; In memory of W.H.; Tel Aviv. Kaplan Ron; Gidon & Gilad Ben Amar; Ashkelon-Afridar. Mrs. Fulwermacher; Y. Nebel; Paula Kahn; Zeev Stern; Kurigel; W. Levy; J. Kahn; G. Schermann; Sluszewer; K. Kieve; Mrs. Klemann; Y. Obenauer; Schalith; Mr. Hammer; Mr. Ernst Guttman; Siegfried; M. Mannheim; Mr. Horowitz; Mr. Wolfsohn; Ramot Hashavim. M.E., for granddaughter, Jerusalem. Dr. Riesenfeld, Haifa.

Where to go

* **Meet the Israeli :—** Tourists invited to meet Israelis at home. Information at Government Tourist Office, Jerusalem, Tel Aviv, Haifa.

JERUSALEM

* **Zoo :** — Jerusalem Biblical Zoo. 8-6.

* **Exhibitions :** — New Exhibitions: 10 Years of Archaeological Activities, 1948-1958. Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech, 9-1; 3-5.

Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art. 100 works of Jules Pascin (Bezalel Museum's Collection). Ludwig Schwerin, watercolours, gouaches and drawings. Paintings by Landau, of the Ecole de Paris. Woodcut Illustrations to Virgil, 1502 edition. Archaeological pieces from the Museum's collections. Samples of Primitive Sculpture. Bezalel Museum 9-1; 2.30-5.

Oil paintings by Kalman Hack, Artists' House 10-1; 4-6.

Oils, gouaches, watercolours and drawings by Helen Barth, Hanna Holzmann: Artistic Creations Nora Art Gallery 9 Maimon Ave., 10-1; 3-6.

Children's Paintings — pupils of Mrs. Tessa Rakosh. Artists House 10-1; 4-6.

* **Lecture:—** Dr. Ernest Jerome Yancy, Ambassador of Liberia in Israel, on: "Liberia's Role in the Commonwealth of Nations." Beeri Club 9 Rehov Alharizi, 8.30.

* **Tours —** Hebrew University conducted tour in English, daily at 12 noon. New University Campus.

Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting at 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 4061, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre.

* **Film Shows: —** Israel Films daily, 11.30 Keren Hayesod Hall.

* **Folk Dancing:—** And community singing. Students' Mensa, Mamilla Rd., from 7-10 p.m. All tourists invited.

TEL AVIV

* **Restaurants—** Italian specialities. Lunch, Dinner. Luky's Bar Restaurant, 3 Allenby Rd. First Class Italian menu at IL5. Phone 23752.

* **Theatre :—** Habimah, "Cry, the Beloved Country," 8.

Ohel, "The Respectful Prostitute," 8.30.

Cameri, "Tonight We Improvise," 8.

* **Exhibitions :—** "Wizo on View," Wizo Tourist Club 91 Rehov Hayarkon, 9-3.

"Sculpture in Israel — 1957-1958." Tel Aviv Museum, 10-4.

Painters and Sculptors Gallery, 26 Rehov Weizmann, 10-1, 4-7.

Paintings by David Labkovski, Artists Pavilion, 9 Rehov Alharizi, 10-1, 4-7.

Israel Sculpture 1957-58. Biblical Illustrations by Chagall, Tel Aviv Museum, 10-4.

* **Tourist Service :—** Visit Hadassah Club, 80 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 23239.

Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26825, 8-2 p.m.

* **Z.O.A. House: —** "The Bible" — Lecture by Mr. Yehuda Elitzur, 8.30.

Tourist Service: 9 a.m.-9 p.m.

HAIFA

* **Tourist Service:—** Hadassah Club, Youth Aliyah Offices; 22 Rehov Hehaluts, Tel. 67955.

KFAR SABA

* **Theatre :—** Habimah, "Street of Stairs," 8.

BEERSHEBA

* **Entertainment:—** Dzigan & Szumacher, "Zek vi du gehst," Keren Hall, 8.30.

COMING EVENTS

JERUSALEM

* Grand Hanukka Ball, Dec. 6; Holyland Hotel; patronage Mayor of Jerusalem.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
522, 249, 33.3 & 41.7 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.35, 7.00 and 7.58 a.m. 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.

English: 2.00 p.m. **French** 2.15 p.m.

6.30 Religious Service (R). 6.37 Exercises. 6.47 Musical Clock (R). 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Popular Concert. Rimsky-Korsakov: Overture "Russian Easter," opus 36 (Conductor: Paul Paray); Paganini: Violin Concerto No. 1 in D (Soloist: Yehudi Menuhin); Sibelius: "The Swan of Tuonela". Anton Rubinstein: Dance. 12.00 Woman's Programme. 12.15 Lunchtime Music. 1.00 Hebrew Songs. 1.20 Ken Griffin (Organ). 1.45 Where to Go? 1.50 Light Music. 2.30 Close Down.

4.30 p.m. News in English, Swedish and Spanish. 5.05 Popular Songs and Melodies. 5.45 Children's Corner. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 Test Yourself in the Bible. 6.45 Sephardic Songs. 7.20 At the Cinema. 7.40 Introduction to musical Instruments of the Orient. Y. Eliasaroff presents the chang. 7.55 Concertino for Trumpet and Orchestra by Josef Kaminsky, Soloist: Avraham Heongsberg, Conductor: George Singer. 8.10 From the Book Shelf. 8.25 "Monthly Entertainment Bag." 8.50 Bible Reading: Melachi 1, Chap. 15 & 16. 9.10 Political Commentary. 9.15 Newsreel. 9.30 "Curtain Up." 10.30 Popular Symphonic Music. 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
422, 468, 192.7, 41.7 & 33.3 M.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.00 Tunes of the Nations. 6.30 Contemporary Music. Pierre Boulez: "Le Marteau sans Maitre," performed by Instrumental Group, conducted by Maurice le Roux, with Marie-Therese Cahn (Alto).

7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Yemenite. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 Rumanian. 9.15 Hungarian. 9.30 Polish. 9.45 News in English.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
467 & 41.07 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30—7.15 a.m. 1.15—3.15 and 5.30—11.15 p.m. Persian 5.15 p.m.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (33.3 M.).

Programme to South Africa: 6.30 News. 6.40 "Kol Zion Correspondents Report." 6.50 Tune of the Week. 6.55 "From the Federation."

Programme to the U.K.: 10.15 News. 10.25 "Kol Zion Correspondents Report." 10.35 Israel His Parade.

ARMY PROGRAMME (48.4, 216, 225 & 235 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Request for Hebrew Songs. 7.00 News. 7.10 "On Drivers and Pedestrians." 7.35 Light Music. 8.00 "From Strength to Strength." 8.15 Musical Bi-Weekly. 8.45 Pleasant tune. 9.00 News. 9.15 "Soldier's Platform." 9.45 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (13.80, 16.84 & 24.80): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News talk. London Letter. On the spur of the moment.

MUSIC U.S.A. (19 & 25 M.) Voice of America: 9.00—11.00 p.m. light music & jazz.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING SERVICE—English Programme (434 & 495 M.): 7.45 a.m. News. 12.30 p.m. Midday Melodies. 1.30 News. 4.30 Teatime Music. 7.00 News and Commentary. 7.15 Mark Ollington Quartet. 10.00 From the Brussels Exhibition. 10.52 Piano Interlude. 11.00 News.

ASSOCIATION of AMERICANS and CANADIANS IN ISRAEL, JERUSALEM BRANCH

Gala Hanukka Ball

at the

KING DAVID HOTEL

On Saturday evening, December 6, at 9.30

Price IL5 Benefit, Social Welfare Fund

PRIZES

(Price includes one drink of your choice and cake)

Tickets Available :

KING DAVID HOTEL, Rehov Hamelech David; SAFRAI'S ART GALLERY, 37 Jaffa Road; SHORR'S JEWELLERY STORE, 19 King George Ave. COMFY SHOE STORE, Jaffa Road.

Arsenal Beaten at Highbury

By KEITH BEECHER

An injury-depleted reserve-packed Arsenal lost their unbeaten home record Saturday, going down 4-1 before their own supporters to a fast moving Blackpool, inspired by the immaculate Old Man of Soccer, 43-year-old Stanley Matthews. Meanwhile all their nearest rivals won their games, but the "Gunners" held onto the top place in Division I by dint of a narrow goal average advantage over Bolton Wanderers, 2-1 winners over Portsmouth. Both have 55 points. One point behind come Wolverhampton Wanderers, who won 1-0 at Luton, West Bromwich Albion, who scraped a 4-3 home win over the Spurs, and Preston North End, who were lucky to beat West Ham United 3-1.

At the bottom lie Aston Villa, 13 points, Leicester City, 14 and Manchester City, 15.

The Division II leaders were back in winning form. Fulham slammed Barnsley, 5-2, Sheffield Wednesday swamped Huddersfield, 4-1, and Stoke City waltzed through Brighton and Hove Albion, 3-0. They head the table in that order with 30, 29 and 24 points respectively. Rotherham United foot the table here, with 12, followed by Brighton, Scunthorpe and Lincoln, all with 14.

Division III

The shock in Division III was the 5-1 defeat of leaders, Plymouth Argyle, at Southampton, but their previous big points lead kept them still well in front. Their 32 points is four more than nearest challengers, Hull City, who beat Queens Park Rangers, 1-0, at home. The race is also getting tougher in Division IV. Leaders Port Vale succumbed 2-0 at Darlington, but held top place, with 28 points. Next in line are Coventry City, who overran Chester, 5-1; Exeter City, easy 3-0 victors against Watford; and York City, erstwhile leaders, who lost more ground by going down 5-2 to Millwall. The three challengers have 27 points apiece.

It was also shocks in the Scottish League, where leaders, Hearts of Midlothian, lost again, 3-2 to Kilmarnock, as Motherwell fought out an exciting but dour 2-2 game with Glasgow Rangers. Hearts now have 21 points, Motherwell 20, with Dundee and Rangers close behind. Ayr United are making sure of promotion from Division II, and won again, winning 3-1 at East Fife. They have a six point lead over Hamilton Academicals and Arbroath.

RESULTS: ENGLISH LEAGUE: Div. I: Arsenal 1, Blackp'l 4; Birm'gham 0 Man. U. 4; Bolton 2, Portsm'th 1; Burnley 3, Aston V. 1; Everton 3 Chelsea 1; Leeds 3 Newcastle 2; Leic. C. 0, Notts. F. 3; Luton 0, Wolves 1; Man. C. 0, Blackb'n 1; P.N.E. 2, West Ham 1; West Brom. 4, Tottenham 3. Div. II: Brls. R. 3, Midd'sbro 1; Derby 3, Charlton 2; Fulham 5, Barnsley 2; Ipswich 2, Liverp'l 0; Leyton 4, Brls. C. 2; Linc. C. 1, Rotherham 0; Scunthorpe vs. Cardiff ppd.; Sheff. W. 4, Hudderst'ld 1, Stoke 3, Brighton 0; Sundel'd 4, Sheff. U. 1; Swansea 1, Grimsby 1. Div. III: Accr'gton S. 3; Tranmere 1; Brad. C. 7, Rochdale 1; Brentf'd 0, Bury 0; Chesterf'ld 2, Colch'ster 0; Halifax 4, Stockp't 3; Hull 1, Q.P.R. 0; Mansf'ld 0, Norwich 1 (abandd. after 33 mins.); Newport 2, Reading 1; Notts. C. 4, Bournem'th 3; S'hampton 5, Plym'th 1; Swindon 2, Southend 1; Wrexham 2, Donc. R. 1. Div. IV: Aldershot 2, Work'gton 0; Barrow 2, Torquay 2; Carl'le 5, Southp't 0; Conv. C. 5, Chester 1; Darl'gton 2, Port V. 0; Exeter 3, Watford 0; Gatesh'd 4, N'ampton 1; Gill'gham 4, Hartlep'ls 1; Millwall 5, York 2; Oldham 2, Crewe A. 1; Shrewsb'y 2, Crystal P. 1; Walsall 3, Bradf'd 2. SCOTTISH LEAGUE: Div 1: Aberd'n 5, Qun. o. sth. 0; Clyde 4, Raith 1; Dunf'line vs. Th. Lanark ppd.; Falk'k 1, Airdrie 2; Hibs. 3 Celtic 2; Kilm'nock 3, Hearts 2; Motherwell 2, Airdrie 2; Hibs. Motherwell 2, Rangers 2; Partick Th. 3, Dundee 0; St. Mirren 3, Stirl'g 2. RUGBY LEAGUE: Blackpool Boro 9, Barrow 17; Rochdale H. 5, Warrington 13; Wigan 19, Oldham 7. CRICKET: (At Bombay — 1st test): W. Indies 227, India 152. (At Brisbane) M.C.C. 154 (Subalrow, 51; Bailey 33; Ray Lindwall 5/57; McKay 3/14). Queensland 30 for one.

Tel Aviv Stock Market

NOVEMBER 30, 1958

Pop. Loan 1949/69 (IL10)	100½
4% Comp. Loan 56/67	71
Pal. Bearer Bds. Ser. 3	96½
2½% Comp. Loan	65
3½% War Loan 54/59	97
3½% Tavel Dollar x)	96½
4% Reg. Sterling "A"	97½
Def. Loan Bonds 6½% f)	101½
4½% Def. Bonds f)	101½
6½% Def. Bonds g)	102½
6½% Loc. C. Debs. f)	101½
6½% Loc. C. Debs. g)	10 ½
Pal. Elec. pref. sh. (Ldn.)	279
6½% Bonds 58/65 f)	105½
ditto g)	112½
Keren Hayesod	
6½% Deb. 58/65 f)	103
ditto g)	106½
6% Deb. 59/68 f)	102
ditto g)	101½
Igroth 6½% Deb. 58/65	102½
Rassco 6½% Deb. 58/64	
Class "A" f)	102½
Class "B" g)	109½
Rassco 6% pref. ord. sh.	85
Bk. Leumi ord. sh.	145½
Bearer Savings Cert. '58	96½
Bk. Leumi Investment Ord. sh. 'B' reg.	100½
Ata ord. 'B' sh.	80½
"Kurdaneh" ord. 'B'	80½
7% con. debs. 59/68	83½
"Teva" ord. sh.	81
Pal. Cold St. ord sh. reg.	135
Pasa 4½ debs. 40/64 reg.	83½
Bizur 4½ debs. 56/65	90½
Nir 5% pref. sh.	94½
Gen. Mortg. Bk. ord. sh.	77
I.L.D.C. ord. sh. reg.	88
5% debs.	82
Afr. Pal. Inv. ord. sh.	56½
Moller ord. sh. reg.	1085
Pal. Brewery 8% con. debs	74½
Assis Bejarano "B" sh.	67
Nesher 6% debs "A" 55/64	117
Pal. Potash "A" ord. sh.	53½
Dead Sea Works 5% Deb. reg.	284
Delek ord sh. "C"	85
Mekorot pref. sh.	78
Jordan Exploration Co. Ord. sh. reg.	59

Notes: a) purchasing price; b) selling price; c) ex-coupon; d) ex-dividend; e) ex-right; f) linked with $; g) linked with C.o.L.; x) in % of IL1,800.

Notices to the Public

DRAWING OF POPULAR LOAN (MILVEH AMAMI) PREMIUM BONDS, 1949

The 40th drawing of the above loan will take place at the Bank of Israel Hall, 37 Rehov Lilienblum, Tel Aviv tomorrow, December 2, 1958 at 4 p.m.

Admission is free. The public is invited.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

TEL AVIV: Kolberg, 23 Allenby, 23335. Bracha, 243 Dizengoff, 25240. Yehuda Halevi, 91 Yehuda Halevi, 65159. Hakirya 19 Ibn Gvirol, 26688. Hadassah, Hatikva Qtr., 32084. **JAFFA:** Noga, near Noga Cinema, 81896. **HOLON:** Ribak Kikar Struma. **RAMAT YITZHAK:** Hasharon, 23 Yerushalayim, 62046. **PETAH TIKVA:** Asuta, 7 Stampfer. **REHOVOT:** Levinsky, 170 Herzl, 95-1091. **RISHON:** Strahilevici. **NATANYA:** Geva.

HAIFA: Magen David, 13 Geula, 6295.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Hameiri, 71 Beitlehem, 61457. Dr. Kraus, 27 Gaza Road 3060. Dr. Shikrashi, 8 Beit El, Nahlat Zion.

TEL AVIV: Dr. Hareven, 35 Sheinkin, 25411. Dr. Eisen, 5 Shimshon, 25748.

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Required:

QUALIFIED AERONAUTICAL ENGINEER (BS or MS) Experience in A/C Structures and Stress Analysis. Good scientific background—3 years (min.) specialized experience (on drawing board). Languages important (English). Supervisory experience desirable.

AERONAUTICAL ENGINEER (BS) with min. 3 years experience in A/C repair. Must be capable of making repair drawings, including stress analysis. Shop experience required. Some knowledge of airworthiness requirements very desirable. Languages important (English).

ONE SENIOR TECHNICIAN (not necessarily an engineer) with all-round technical experience and good knowledge of languages (mainly English). Must have knowledge of A/C hardware.

SENIOR AERONAUTICAL ENGINEER with much experience in Airworthiness Regulations. Knowledge of languages essential (English, French).

EQUIPMENT ENGINEER with experience in A/C auxiliary power systems, Hydraulics, Pneumatics, etc., engine accessories, instruments, etc. Aero-

EQUIPMENT ENGINEER with experience in A/C electrical systems, accessories, instruments, radio, etc. Electrical Engineering background.

MECHANICAL AND PRODUCTION ENGINEERS with practical industrial experience of 5-10 years especially in machining. Knowledge of languages: Hebrew, English (or French.)

MECHANICAL TECHNICIAN with good experience in machining and job time estimation. Knowledge of languages: Hebrew, English (or French).

Please apply: Personnel Department, Sunday

Today's Postbags

The Weather

FORECAST: Partly cloudy, occasional light rain.

Weather Synopsis: Cold air from south Russia penetrated East Mediterranean causing the formation of a shallow depression and light rainfall in our region.

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	78	8	13	15
Tiberias	58	—	18	20
Haifa Port	84	10	18	19
Natanya	65	11	17	20
Tel Aviv Kirya	87	10	16	18
Tel Aviv Port	84	12	16	18
Lydda Airport	82	8	17	19
Jerusalem	81	10	14	16
Beersheba	70	8	19	21
Sdom	62	11	23	24
Eilat	36	9	24	25

*A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

ARRIVALS

Mr. L. Dultzin, head of the Jewish Agency's Economic Department, from a two-week visit to Europe on Department matters, (by El Al).

Mr. M. Ardon, Inspector and Adviser on Art Studies in the Ministry of Education and Culture, after a study tour in Holland, Austria and Britain on a UNESCO fellowship.

183 IMMIGRANTS, some of them from Rumania, arrived in Haifa in the s.s. Theodor Herzl on Sunday. They were taken to development areas.

135 TOURISTS also arrived in the ship.

• • •

2,243 IMMIGRANTS arrived in Israel during November, according to provisional figures released by the Jewish Agency's immigration Department.

• • •

THE SPECIAL committee appointed by the Progressive Party to look into income tax questions has now concluded its work and will shortly present a draft bill to the Knesset, a spokesman told *The Jerusalem Post* on Sunday.

Two Tira Residents Charged with Spying

TEL AVIV. — Two Arab residents of Tira, who are charged with espionage, pleaded not guilty when they were brought before the President of the Tel Aviv District Court, Judge M. Kennet, on Sunday.

The two are Mahmud Mustafa Hitly, 30, who is charged with trying to get information that would endanger the security of the state, and Akal Yussef Misri, 27, who is charged with transmitting valuable information to the Jordanian army. They were arrested several months ago near Kfar Saba, after a Jewish girl who had pretended to cooperate with them informed the Security Services. *(Itim)*

Plan to Unravel T.A. Traffic Snarls

By MOSHE VINITZKY

TEL AVIV. — The Minister of Transport, Mr. Moshe Carmel, has appointed a special sub-committee to work out a plan for improving traffic arrangements in the Tel Aviv area, Mr. N. Maimon, district police traffic chief, told *The Jerusalem Post* on Sunday.

The committee, which will comprise representatives of the Transport Ministry and the Tel Aviv city engineer's office, will pay special attention to the engineering side of the problem.

Mr. Maimon told *The Jerusalem Post* he thought it necessary to increase the number of sets of traffic lights in the city from the present 10 to 50. It was also important to build more subway crossings, put up railings along the pavement at peak traffic spots, and shift bus stations in the centre of the town which had been converted into fixed garages.

Parking Bays

One way to reduce traffic pressure by up to 40 per cent would be to provide parking bays — for example by widening the road at bus stops — while the question of horse-drawn vehicles, which cause bottlenecks, would have to be tackled.

Mr. Maimon thought that although taxis aggravated the traffic problem, this particular aspect could be solved only when the present anarchy regarding the operation of *sherut* services was ended by appropriate legislation. Many drivers who completed their day's shift on inter-urban routes added to the congestion by then operating urban *sherut* services, he said. In the same way, the city was "swamped" by taxis from as far away as Tiberias and Safad, where they were really licensed to operate.

Steel Chain Plant For Hartuv

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. P. Sapir, on Sunday attended the cornerstone-laying ceremony for a steel chain factory at Hartuv, in the Jerusalem Corridor.

The plant, which will begin operating in six months, will produce chain for the packing industry and for a bicycle factory also to be erected at Hartuv. Foreign and local businessmen are to invest the equivalent of IL600,000, including $115,000, in the enterprise, which will employ 40 workers.

THE FINKELS

invite all those who attended last year's New Year Party to the coming Fiesta, to be held at their new address:

Ramon Zavala 368, Miraflores, Peru.

From 9 p.m. December 31 till late next morning.

Dress informal. Bring your own liquor. Bring a friend.

(Apply for free air tickets at Louis Shapiro).

לשנה הבאה בחיפה

THE NATIONAL EXECUTIVE and members of the HITAHDUT OLEI BRITANNIA deeply regret the passing of

Mr. Philip Williams

and extend sincere condolences to MRS. WILLIAMS AND FAMILY

Ichud Habonim — World Habonim

regrets the untimely passing of

PHIL WILLIAMS

and expresses its condolences to the bereaved family.

Kibbutz Kfar Blum

expresses its condolences to Mrs. Williams, Louis and Ruth at the untimely passing of

PHIL WILLIAMS

The Members of Kfar Hanassi extend condolences to Mrs. Bessy Williams and her children on the passing of

Philip Williams

With deep sorrow we mourn the tragic death of

Philip Williams

and extend sincere condolences to Bessie Williams, Louis and Ruth

ISRAEL OFFICE, ZIONIST FEDERATION OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND

The Zionist Federation of Great Britain and Ireland mourns the death of its dear colleague

Philip Williams

Former Honorary Treasurer of the Federation and Chairman of its Farms Management Committee, and extends heartfelt condolences to Mrs. Bessie Williams and Family.

77 Great Russell Street, London, W.C.1.

Maimon Appeals to Toledano To Turn Down Cabinet Post

Rabbi I. Toledano, Minister-Designate for Religious Affairs, has been asked by Rabbi I.L. Maimon to reconsider his decision to accept the portfolio. If Rabbi Toledano took up the post, this would be interpreted by Jews all over the World as "treachery towards religious Jewry," Rabbi Maimon claimed.

The admonition was elaborated in a letter to Rabbi Toledano sent on Friday by Rabbi Maimon, who was the first Minister for Religious Affairs.

Rabbi Toledano should not "turn his back" on religious Jewry in its struggle over basic religious principles, Rabbi Maimon says. "I am sure this is not what you desire, but you do not perhaps appreciate the great danger in this issue."

The Minister-Designate's claim that he was entering the Cabinet to fight "alleged inter-communal discrimination" (the allusion is to discrimination by the Ministry for Religious Affairs against the Sephardi community) was also a "dangerous" point of view, continues Rabbi Maimon.

"You have told me," states the letter, "that during my term as Minister for Religious Affairs, there was no discrimination, but that a change for the worse came afterwards.

"As one who is not suspect in your eyes, I must say I find it difficult to accept your point of view. I cannot believe that there were evil intentions on the part of Ministry officials."

If Rabbi Toledano believed, however, that such discrimination did exist, the proper thing to do would be to conduct an investigation into the matter, declares the letter.

Had the National Religious Party left the Government for political reasons, then Rabbi Toledano or any religious Jew could behave as he saw fit, states Rabbi Maimon. But since the Ministers of the Religious Party resigned from the Cabinet "solely over religious issues," it was a matter of "astonishment that you could see yourself free to act in a completely independent manner on this issue."

Prime Minister Ben-Gurion's recent letter to "the sages of Israel," asking their opinion on the question of the religious identity of children of mixed marriages, was "additional confirmation" that the Government directives on the registration of the nationality of such children in identity cards were still in force, Rabbi Maimon claims. The very fact that the letter was sent was "proof" that the Government had not taken "unquestioned Jewish law" on this question into account.

Rabbi Maimon ends his letter with "sincere and friendly advice" to Rabbi Toledano to reconsider his decision at the "last minute" and to refrain from entering the Cabinet.

Contacted at his home in Tel Aviv on Sunday, Rabbi Toledano declined to comment on the letter.

(See Knesset Report, Col. 5)

Toronto Group Ends Tour On Enthusiastic Note

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The 18-member Toronto U.J.A. study mission ended its tour of the country on Sunday and cabled Toronto Jewish leaders to organize a dinner meeting on December 15, at which the delegation will report back on their visit.

Climaxing the 12-day tour, the mission on Sunday was received by the President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi and later by Prime Minister Ben-Gurion.

Mr. Arthur Minden, the mission's chairman, told *The Jerusalem Post:* "We intend to inspire Toronto Jewry to step up the 1959 drive." He, together with other members of the delegation, said they had met with a cross-section of Israel's population and found idealism and dedication.

"Mr. Ben-Gurion in seconds won our hearts and it was as if we had known him for years," Mr. Minden, who is a barrister, declared. The Premier urged them, first of all, to retain their Jewishness and to send their children to Israel. "I promised to send mine, and I'll do it," Mr. Minden said.

The visitors praised the Keren Hayesod for its successful organization of the tour "down to the informative bus driver." Mr. Minden, Mr. Samuel Zeldin and Mr. Maxwell Bockner were on Sunday the guests of Mr. E. Dobkin, the Chairman of the Keren Hayesod. Earlier, the mission visited the Jewish National Fund's Canada Wood in the Jerusalem Corridor. The members of the group have decided to increase more than twofold their pledges for 1959.

Most of the delegates return home on Monday. For all of them it was their first visit to Israel.

Philip Williams Buried in T.A.

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Philip Williams, who until he immigrated to Israel several months ago was Hon. Treasurer of the Zionist Federation of Great Britain and Ireland, was buried at the Kiryat Shaul Cemetery on Sunday afternoon in the presence of a large gathering of friends.

The long funeral cortege left Beilinson Hospital, where Mr. Williams died on Friday night, and proceeded to the cemetery where Mr. Moshe Rosetti, Clerk to the Knesset, spoke. He said that Mr. Williams was one of those rare men in public life who was entirely free from personal ambition and was utterly dedicated to the ideal of service.

The bier was then carried to the grave by a group of pallbearers from Kfar Hanassi, Beit Haemek, Zikim, Amiad, Kfar Blum, Lavi and other villages with settlers from English-speaking countries. Among the mourners present were Mrs. Rebecca D. Sieff, President of World Wizo, and members of the Wizo Executive, Mr. S. Temkin, Director of the Israel Office of the British Zionist Federation, members of the Israel Office; the Jewish Agency; representatives of the British Embassy, the Hitahdut Olei Britannia, and the Jewish Legion in which the deceased had served, and of many other national institutions.

SHMUEL PERLMAN, 72

TEL AVIV. — Dr. Shmuel Perlman, the writer and translator who died at 72 in Tel Aviv last Thursday night, was buried in the Kiryat Shaul Cemetery on Sunday. In the funeral cortege were many writers, poets, journalist, publishers and public figures.

THE FIRST session of the Military Court of Appeal which will hear the appeal against the Kafr Kasim judgment, will convene on February 1, it was learned in Tel Aviv on Sunday.

Two U.S. Governors Spend Day in Capital

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Prime Minister Ben-Gurion on Sunday received Governor Frank J. Clement, Governor of Tennessee, and Mrs. Clement. The Prime Minister is to receive Governor Herschel Loveless, Iowa, and Mrs. Loveless on Monday morning.

The Minister of Education, Mr. Z. Aranne, discussed a student exchange programme with Governor Clement earlier in the day.

Governor Clement, Governor Loveless, and Mrs. Loveless, were on Sunday the luncheon guests of the Hadassah Council in Israel at the Alice Seligsberg Vocational High School.

Mr. Clement and Mr. and Mrs. James Barnette, who are accompanying the Governor, later visited the Brandeis Vocational Centre, while Mr. and Mrs. Loveless visited Health Centres in southern Jerusalem.

In the evening, Governor and Mrs. Clement were dinner guests of Mr. Ya'acov Shimoni of the Foreign Ministry at Hesse's restaurant, while Governor and Mrs. Loveless were dinner guests of Mr. Kadish Luz, Minister of Agriculture, at the Eden Hotel.

On Monday, both Governors are to meet with Mrs. Golda Meir, the Foreign Minister. They are to be luncheon guests of Mr. Walter Eytan, Director-General of the Foreign Ministry.

Knesset Has Full Week in Store

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

An exciting week is in store for the Knesset.

This afternoon (Monday) the House is scheduled to hear motions of non-confidence submitted by the Herut and National Religious factions. Both are based on the two letters the Prime Minister's Secretary sent last week to Chief Rabbi Nissim on the "who is a Jew" question.

Also scheduled for this afternoon is the debate on the Government's nomination of Rabbi Y. M. Toledano as Minister for Religious Affairs. The House Committee has allotted six hours for this debate, and it is expected to be heated. The National Religious Party is particularly annoyed that a leading rabbi has consented to take a post which they gave up over a religious issue.

According to the Knesset Regulations, a non-confidence motion takes precedence over all other business. There is a possibility, however, that the non-confidence motions will be heard in the context of the debate on Rabbi Toledano's nomination, if the factions proposing the motions have no objection. The decision will be made today (Monday) at a meeting of the Knesset Presidium.

Today or tomorrow the Minister of Finance is to reply to the debate on the Supplementary Budget.

This week, too, the Knesset is to continue its debate on the Civil Service Bill (Appointments) which began last week. If there is time, the debate will begin on the second Civil Service Bill, which deals with the prohibition of fund-raising and political activity.

Wednesday will be devoted to motions for the agenda. It is expected that the bill of Mr. Yosef Almogi (Mapai) calling for a referendum on the election system will be heard, as well as a bill on the same subject proposed by the General Zionists.

HAIFA TO CUT COSTS

HAIFA. — Haifa is trimming its budget by IL196,000, or about one per cent, in order to balance it. Economies became unavoidable after the Government cut its original IL420,000 allocation to the city by IL88,000 and after the Minister of the Interior vetoed certain expenditures totalling another IL100,000.

Mayor Khoushy told the Municipal Council on Sunday night that additional cuts would be made if possible before the financial year ended on March 31. Some of the cuts would hurt, he said. Public institutions would get IL46,500 less, wages and salaries would be reduced by IL70,800 and spending on sports materials, maintenance, general expenditure and administration would also come down somewhat.

BEN-ZVI TO VISIT T.A. NEXT WEEK

TEL AVIV. — President Ben-Zvi has accepted the Mayor's invitation to pay a formal visit to Tel Aviv. Mr. Ben-Zvi will be the guest of Mayor Levanon on December 10-11.

Demonstrators Assured Malben Workshops Not Closing Down

By MARK SEGAL, Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Malben's offices in Masaryk Square here were besieged by some 200 quietly desperate and worried demonstrators for four hours on Sunday morning—all because of a misunderstanding.

They came from Malben's 16 sheltered workshops for the disabled, which support 450 families in all parts of the country, and flocked here under the misapprehension that the organization intended closing down the workshops — leaving them to fend for themselves or to become the charges of the social welfare bureaus.

The demonstrators — who had been in concentration and D.P. camps, or had lived in Middle Eastern ghettoes, were dressed in their Sabbath best. They crowded into the reception room of the Malben head offices or stood outside, sheltering as best as they could from the morning drizzle.

Shortly afterwards, an elected delegation armed with resolutions and leaflets, was received by Malben's Director General, Mr. Louis D. Horowitz. They talked for two hours — one spokesman from Machane Israel speaking in Polish-Yiddish, another from Holon in Hebrew with a Tripolitanian accent, while Mr. Horowitz cleared up the matter in a New York accent and through the intermediary of a translator.

Explains Patiently

The thin man from Machane Israel passionately protested: "We want to do productive work. We don't want to be social cases."

Mr. Horowitz explained patiently as his listeners gazed expectantly at his tired face: "We're not closing the workshops. Don't forget that Malben supports 15,000 disabled and chronically-ill people in this country. We have helped over 7,000 families gain their livelihoods in kiosks or small workshops. We're only trying to help those who are fit to find work outside, so as to help others in greater need. Don't worry, we will not take arbitrary decisions and anyone can appeal to his committee, and then he can come to me. Our social workers will help the able-bodied to find jobs and they will visit them for at least a year — and if things don't work out, then he will take them back."

He continued: "Look here, it costs the Joint (Distribution Committee) IL800 a year for each person in the workshops. Please don't forget that we have to help each one according to his needs. We had a man in hospital for eight years; he got well and just now we placed him in outside work — that is the fulfilment of our work."

The delegation filed out of his office reassured, and went downstairs to their waiting friends. After passing on what they had been told, and conversing back and forth in many languages, a cheer went up from the crowd. Then they dispersed homewards, most of them in a yellow Malben bus and closed tenders, brought by the organization's staff because of the rain.

Later, Mr. Horowitz explained to *The Jerusalem Post:* "They are understandably insecure, and reacted irrationally when we decided to find employment for 200 able-bodied persons outside the workshops. We have many more candidates with the new immigration, and only IL2.5m. to take care of the entire project. They are afraid of being dealt with in an arbitrary fashion; perhaps they feel a lack of individual attention. But they seemed satisfied when I explained the follow-up work which would be carried out by our social workers."

Jobless Protest Piece Work Wages

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — Over 100 unemployed persons demonstrated on Sunday against piece work wages in relief jobs offered them by the Jewish National Fund through the labour exchange. All but six refused to accept jobs which called for clearing a fixed area of land of brush and weeds, and demanded daily wages which were not pegged to output.

The men say that the norm fixed by the J.N.F. is too high, that the majority had no chance of reaching it, and that if they failed to do so, they were paid for only two to four hours of work, depending on the foreman's mood.

Aged Hold Silent Street Demonstration

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — About a hundred old men and women, of whom the youngest was 72, on Sunday walked slowly and silently in twos and threes through Rehov Herzl. They were demonstrating against their exclusion from the benefits of the National Insurance Law. They carried posters on which their grievances were inscribed:

"Those born before November 1, 1886, receive no old-age pensions. Those born after that date, receive monthly pensions even if they are well-to-do. Last February the Social Welfare Ministry, Malben and the Jewish Agency jointly allocated IL2.6m. for those 72-year-old and above."

Police helped them to cross the streets in the heavy afternoon traffic.

UNOGIL Chief Comes for Visit

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The former President of Ecuador and now the head of the U.N. Observer Group in the Lebanon, Mr. Galo Plaza, (centre) crossed the lines into Israel at Mandelbaum Gate on Sunday.

He was met by General Carl von Horn (left), head of the U.N. Truce Supervision Organization, and Dr. A. Biran, director of the Armistice Affairs Division of the Foreign Ministry.

Mr. Plaza, who is the guest of the Government, is to tour Israel. By profession a farmer, he will pay special attention to the development of farming and communal life in Israel.

He will leave on Wednesday.

Indian Socialist Party Leader Here

Mr. Furendranath Dwivedy, Deputy Chairman of the Indian Socialist Party and Chairman of the Party's faction in the Indian Parliament, arrived at Lydda Airport early Sunday morning for a 10-day visit as guest of the Histadrut and Mapai.

Mr. Dwivedy, 45, represents the farmer groups within the Socialist Party and is the founder of the party's "Krusahk Peasant Paper." Mr. Dwivedy belongs to the younger generation of party leaders and was educated in India. He had been active in the Indian national liberation movement since 1930 and spent seven years in British prisons.

While in Israel, he will study the kibbutz and moshav movements and the problems of a coalition led by labour parties. He will also deliver a lecture at the Afro-Asian Seminar on Cooperation.

Portuguese Air Line Officials Studying Here

TEL AVIV. — A group of senior staff members of the Portuguese National Airlines, T.A.P., has arrived in Israel as guests of El Al.

A month ago, General Joao de Freitas, head of T.A.P., was here as the guest of Aluf E. Ben-Artzi, General Manager of El Al. After he had inspected the El Al organization and installations, he asked the Israel airline to accept a group of his staff for training in commercial and administrative methods.

Those who have arrived include the members of the Advisory Board, the Deputy Commercial Manager, the Financial Manager and the Chief Statistical Officer.

The group will remain in Israel for 10 days.

The Portuguese line operates flights out of Lisbon to Paris, London, Madrid and the Portuguese colonies in Africa.

FINNISH MINISTER GOES ON HOME LEAVE

LYDDA AIRPORT. — The outgoing Finnish Minister to Israel, Mr. Toivo I. Kala, left for home on Sunday for a short period of leave prior to taking up his new post as Minister to Australia and New Zealand. Mr. Kala has been in Israel for over six years, the longest period of service of any foreign diplomat in this country.

The new Finnish Chargé d'Affaires and Mrs. Joel Toivola, arrived in Haifa in the s.s. Theodor Herzl on Sunday.

Arctic Probe Relics Found After 46 Years

MOSCOW (Reuter). — The remains of a polar expedition believed to have been a Russian group which vanished without trace in 1912 have been found on one of the islands of Severnaya Zemlya (Northern Land of the Arctic archipelago) the Soviet news agency, Tass, reported on Sunday.

Accordingly to Mr. Vladimir Burkhanov, head of the Northern Maritime Route Board, the remains were those of an expedition to Spitzbergen, led by the famous Russian polar explorer, Vladimir Rusanov.

Writing in "Trud," the Soviet trade union newspaper, he said Rusanov was in command of an expedition to Spitzbergen to explore the island coalfields. The expedition sailed in a vessel called "Hercules" and disappeared without trace.

He said Rusanov discovered Severnaya Zemlya and while he was exploring it the ship was crushed by ice. He landed on the island with his wife and companions and died there.

Histadrut Asks Members to Give

TEL AVIV. — The Histadrut Central Committee on Sunday appealed to members of the Labour Federation to "respond willingly and give of their best to the immigration loan."

A six-man committee was appointed to work out details of how to raise contributions amongst employees. Each member of the Central Committee pledged IL200 on the spot for the loan.

ETROG TO STAY IN SERVICE

HAIFA. — The Zim Navigation Company announced on Sunday that it would not withdraw the s.s. Etrog from active service as it had decided several weeks ago. The company has agreed to a Histadrut proposal not to lay up its freighter after a joint committee had found that some ships' crews could be cut and, with that, operating costs.

Brief Rains Raise Hopes

Jerusalem Post Staff

Rain fell in most parts of the country, except the deep south, on Sunday, breaking the prolonged dry spell and raising the nopes of drought-stricken farmers and citrus growers. But in most places it was limited to a short, sharp downpour, easing off to a light drizzle, and similar weather is forecast for today (Monday).

One uncommon phenomenon, according to the weatherman at Lydda Airport, was that the rain began in Tel Aviv and the central region, instead of in the north, as is usual.

The heaviest downpour was in the Haifa area, totalling about eight mms., followed by nearly the same amount in the Ekron district, south of Rehovot. The Beisan valley and Ramla each recorded about two mms., and light rain fell in Beersheba, although a heavy downpour was reported just to the north of the town during the evening. Eilat was still dry by late Sunday night.

Dark Clouds

In Jerusalem, dark clouds hung over the city all morning and a heavy downpour which started about noon drenched lunch-time crowds in the streets. There, as in Tel Aviv, the afternoon and evening was mostly dry.

The relatively light rainfall was sufficient, however, to affect traffic and make road conditions dangerous. Tel Aviv police reported that at least six accidents were directly attributed to the wet streets, while Beersheba police were called to the scene of three crashes caused by skidding. No serious casualties were reported.

In Amman, the Chief Mufti of Jordan, on Sunday issued an appeal to the population to pray for rain in every mosque in the country next Friday, following this year's serious drought. Reuter reported that a number of towns, including the capital, are facing a shortage of drinking water.

(Galilee Drought — Page 4)

Cabinet Decision

(Continued from Page 1.)

ment of two additional Justices, which might involve an additional budgetary burden of some IL40,000 to IL50,000 a year, and made this clear in his letter to Mr. Rosen. The Cabinet, nevertheless, for reasons not disclosed by the spokesman, but which are believed to involve the wish to have a judge from the Sephardi community sit on the Supreme Court bench (and this may be a more likely eventuality if two men are appointed) decided in favour of the larger number.

It is understood that the Cabinet did not deal with possible candidates, as this is the province of a special nominating committee constituted under the Judges Law, 1953. The committee consists of nine members, including three Justices; the Ministers of Justice and Police; Dr. Rafalkes-Nir and Dr. Z. Warhaftig, M.K.'s; and Mr. Y. Henigman, of Tel Aviv, and Mr. A. Weinshall, of Haifa, representatives of the Israel Bar Association. Candidates may be proposed to the committee by the Supreme Court President, the Minister of Justice or by agreement of three of the committee members themselves.

The names of Attorney General Haim Cohn and District Court Judge E. Many have been mentioned in recent press reports as possible nominees.

The Cabinet also heard a report by the Prime Minister on the activities of the Committee of Three on registration and on the items of special interest for the Cabinet on this week's Knesset agenda.

The official communique stated:

In the weekly session of the Cabinet the Prime Minister reported on the activities of the Committee of Three on registration of children of mixed marriages, and announced that for the time being all existing instructions concerning persons of all ages have been cancelled. The Prime Minister stated that the Cabinet will take up the question again after the answers of Jewish scholars from Israel and abroad will have been received. Until then no registration will be carried out. It was decided that Dr. Giora Lotan, Director General of the National Insurance Institute, be invited to make a study of the Welfare Ministry's structure and functions. The decision on appointing a Welfare Minister will be taken by the Government after a discussion on Dr. Lotan's report. It was decided to empower the Minister of Justice to ask the Knesset to fix the number of Supreme Court Judges at 11.

Cables in Brief

HADASSAH. — The 38th Annual Conference of Junior Hadassah in the U.S. closed on Sunday with the election of Miss Beverly Steinhart of New York as National President.

MR. SIMPSON. — Ernest Simpson, former husband of the Duchess of Windsor, died in London on Sunday. He married the then Mrs. Wallis Warfield in London in 1928. The marriage ended in divorce in 1936, prelude to the abdication of King Edward VIII.

DELAYED. — A 75-year-old man, John Crowther, who wants to remarry was granted a decree nisi in the divorce court in London on the grounds of his wife's adultery and desertion more than 40 years ago.

To Avert Election Poster Eyesores

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Municipal and Police authorities will try to evolve means of preventing Tel Aviv's walls from being disfigured by election posters during the coming year, Mayor Haim Levanon announced at the weekly Council meeting on Sunday. He has already discussed the matter with Mr. Amos Ben-Gurion, District Police Commander, including the suggestion to post night patrols.

The state of the two narrow bridges over the Musrara was not the cause of the accidents which had occurred there, the Mayor said in answer to a question. He did not think it essential to build wider bridges; this would cost IL1.5m., and the necessary funds were, in any case, not available.

Voting Postponed

Voting was postponed until next week on a proposal to raise by over 100 per cent. the charge for emptying cesspools, where there are no proper sewerage facilities. It is proposed to raise the present charges, ranging from IL7 to IL 18, to IL16-IL40.

Councillor A. Lasser (Mapai) called on the Municipality to provide alternative accommodation in the new industrial zone for the 35 artisans whose workshops were razed in last week's fire in the Volcvelski Centre. Councillor A. Tubin (Communist), declared that the City was obliged to provide alternative housing for families who were asked to vacate condemned dwellings.

The Municipality should not again delay presentation of its budget, Councillor Y. Levi (Mapai) declared. The preliminary proposals should have been ready by November 15, he said, but the Mayor explained that they had not yet been balanced.

The Mayor paid tribute to Mr. Dov Gefen, the Director of the Municipal Sanitation Department, on his retirement after 35 years' service.

FORMER CIVIL SERVANT SENT TO JAIL

A former official of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Shmuel Krainer, was on Sunday sent to jail for two years for having accepted a IL1,000 bribe in the form of a loan.

Krainer denied the charge, but District Court Judge M. Gaulan accepted the testimony of Mr. Yehoshua Lichter, a merchant, who claimed that he had arranged the loan for Krainer in 1954, in return for the latter's help in getting three import licences. Krainer was formerly Principal Assistant to the Director of the Barter Trade Department of the Ministry. *(Itim)*

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HAIFA:
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HADAR BOOKSHOP, 15 Rehov Herzl.
CARMEL BAZAAR, Central Carmel.
PATWA, 4 Palmers' Gate
EL AL OFFICE, 7-9 Derech Ha'atzmaut

TEL AVIV:
THE JERUSALEM POST, 52 Rehov Nahlat Binyamin.
K.L.M, 76 Allenby Rd.
PATWA, 18 Rehov Mikve Israel.
PHOTO WERA, 19 Allenby Rd.
ZOA HOUSE, Rehov Daniel Frish
ZELICHOV BOOK & TOY SHOP, 194 Rehov Ben Yehuda.
EL AL OFFICES, 94 Allenby Rd., Dan Hotel (Branch Booking Office).

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29 Kislev, 5719, 19 Jumad Awal, 1378

THE lifting of martial law in Jordan today adds strength to recent reports of an improvement in the internal situation in that country. It is also indicative of the apparent change in the pattern of Middle Eastern politics sparked by the Iraqi coup d'etat last July.

JORDAN BACK TO NORMAL?

Martial law was proclaimed in Jordan in April 1957, when King Hussein carried out his so-called coup following the unearthing of a plot to overthrow his regime and to alter the constitution by force. It was generally thought at the time that by his swift and determined action the young King had prevented the country from falling under the sway of Egypt — thereby saving the whole Fertile Crescent from becoming Nasser's sphere of influence. It was no secret that the majority of Jordanians were then partial to Nasser. What saved the King's throne was the loyalty of his Beduin soldiers and the opposition of their officers to the government then in power.

There are now several factors that have brought about a different atmosphere, leading to the decision taken by the Amman Cabinet on Saturday to lift martial law after a year-and-a-half. The refugees on the West bank are reported to be weary and disappointed; the lot of their brethren in the Gaza Strip under Colonel Nasser has not been encouraging, and so a mere change of regime in Amman no longer holds out any hope for the improvement of their own situation. The Arab Legion, looking across the border towards Damascus, are no less perturbed about their possible fate within a Nasserist commonwealth: preserving their independence appears to be the best way to ensure regular pay and to safeguard their chances of promotion. On another plane, the Iraqi coup has led many discontented Jordanians to look westwards to Baghdad instead of eastwards to Cairo, and so long as Iraq's stand is not made finally clear — so far, the new republic does not seem interested in Hussein's fate either way — an important section of Jordanian public opinion will be immune to Nasserist agitation.

Yet these shifts in the Jordanian scene, and their implications for the future of inter-Arab relations, would probably not have taken place were it not for the readily noticeable parallel change in the climate of opinion in Cairo. Although in his mammoth address last Thursday night Colonel Nasser still spoke of "stooges of imperialism" and the like, there was a marked difference of tone and emphasis. Moreover, the field of his operations was so narrowed that he was left with only Bourguiba and Hussein to attack.

Instead of the usual invective there was praise for the Iraqi revolution, praise for the Lebanese rebellion and its result, and praise for the Sudanese coup of General Abboud, although Nasser's gains from all these developments have been at best problematical. In fact, Nasser's about-face was so complete, in dealing with the situation in Baghdad, he found it necessary to give a totally new definition to the term "Arab unity," claiming that what this meant was merely a unified Arab stand against the imperialists and Zionists, etc. He disowned any knowledge or intention of annexing Iraq or any other Arab country.

In deciding to lift martial law, the Jordanian authorities have thus been guided by a prudent reassessment of the facts. One can only hope that a similar state of mind may inform Amman's attitudes in other fields. When U.N. Secretary-General Hammarskjold comes at the end of this month to discuss the implementation of Article VIII of our Armistice Agreement with Jordan, one hopes that the Amman authorities may show a similar sobriety of judgment and respect for facts.

U.S. Still Lacks German Policy

NATO Depends On Bonn Force

By PHILIP DEANE

WASHINGTON (OFNS).— DESPITE the urging of her Allies — including Canada and Britain — the U.S. has not yet developed a policy towards Germany beyond "being tough" and not giving in to current Communist efforts aimed at getting the West out of Berlin.

What America's allies, and many U.S. diplomats, politicians and political scientists argue is that while not yielding to threats, Washington should be thinking ahead and preparing for future policy changes. Obviously, say the critics, Russia, now that she has an advantage with missiles, is not going to accept the old Western terms meekly and surrender East Germany, since this is what the West is actually demanding when it insists that the only solution is reunification of Germany through free elections, which the West would win.

All the alternatives to the present policy that have been suggested so far are some form of disengagement: let Russian and Western troops withdraw from each other and from the Iron Curtain. A variant of of this scheme, the Rapacki Plan, named after Poland's Foreign Minister, is that a zone in Central Europe should be denuclearized. The zone would include the two Germanies, Poland and Czechoslovakia.

'Rapacki' Rejected

This Polish plan, and its Western equivalents, such as Sir Anthony Eden's proposals of 1955 or George E. Kennan's scheme advanced in his British Broadcasting Corporation lectures last year, have all been rejected in Washington in the past for the following reasons:

- Nato's only chance of becoming truly strong militarily is a large West German Army, and therefore the West cannot afford a neutralized, demilitarized or disengaged Germany.
- Even a weak Nato is preferred by Europeans to no Nato at all. Europeans may not believe that the U.S. will fight to defend them, unless they have on their soil U.S. troops which will automatically involve the U.S. in war if the Communists try conquering any West European country. Disengagement would leave Germany without this automatic guarantee of U.S. intervention.
- The U.S. generals find their bases in Germany convenient. Even after disengagement there would have to be U.S. troops in the non-engaged parts of Western Europe, and it is not easy to find large spaces for camp installations, artillery ranges, and so on, in France, Italy or Britain.

But it is possible to fault each and all of these arguments. If, for example, the official thesis be accepted that the Western posture is purely defensive, and that it is the Russians who would strike the first blow, then, however strong the new West German Army, it would be only five minutes' flying time away from Russian missiles with thermonuclear warheads. The formations of this German army and other Nato units could be wiped out on the first intimation that Russia had started rolling towards the Atlantic.

Disengagement would not leave Western Europe without a "plate glass window" of American troops who would get hit in any Communist attack, thereby automatically involving the U.S. in fighting for Europe.

Afraid of Germany

The U.S.S.R. is genuinely afraid of Germany, secretly armed with nuclear weapons, striking a surprise blow at Russia. Moscow has a very healthy respect for German technological and military ingenuity, which plays its part in explaining Russian support of the Rapacki Plan. It is certain that under such a scheme for the denuclearization of the two Germanies, Poland and Czechoslovakia, the Russians would demand the right to inspect West Germany to make sure no nuclear warheads and rockets were being assembled in secret. If Western observers, including Americans, had the equivalent right to make inspections in East Germany, Poland and Czechoslovakia, then any subsequent Communist attack on Western Europe would be sure to begin with the incarceration or liquidation of U.S. observers. And, in any case, it is highly improbable that the Russians would try to invade any "disengaged" part of Europe without first hitting the missile bases beyond that area, thus automatically involving U.S. forces.

The argument of the U.S. military chiefs that moving from Germany would be inconvenient is not even as serious as the other arguments. Reorganization of the armed forces, cutting the vast depots and maintenance workshops for unnecessary, outdated World War II equipment, the replacement of the existing divisions by highly mobile, small battle groups equipped for a nuclear war and moving with helicopters or air transport, would reduce the numbers of troops in Europe and reduce the space they occupy without reducing the actual numbers of fighting men.

Decisions Required

But all these things require decisions, a willingness to face change and push the decisions through. The U.S. Government would have to get new treaties through Congress and convince ultra-conservative chairmen of committees to let the armed forces be radically changed, even though this might deprive some of the chairmen's constituents of work on military installations. And radical change is something the Eisenhower Administration has never liked. It has been, essentially, a caretaker Administration with few if any bold initiatives to its credit. This attitude may well be the main reason why no new policy for Europe has so far been sought.

SANTA CLAUS COMES EARLY THIS YEAR

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HULA HOOP

By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

Freak Weather Worries Are World Wide

Galilee Still Waits on Rain, But Olive Yield Good

By YESHAYAHU ASHNI

GALILEE farmers were considering a pilgrimage to the grave of Honi the Circle-Drawer, the rain miracle worker, at Par'am village near Rosh Pinna.

With Hanukka only a week away, everyone was seriously worried by the continuing fair weather. Many farmers have had to turn on their sprinklers once more, and others are digging up again the rings they had filled in around their trees in preparation for the rains. Most worried are the Arab villagers, all of whose crops depend on the rain and the wells and cisterns it feeds.

The early winter grain crops, sown in dry soil in September, sprouted after the first rain and are in serious danger of withering entirely unless they get water very soon. The legumes, which cannot be sown until rain has really soaked the fields, should have been drilled in a month ago. Meantime the warm weather helps field mice and other pests propagate themselves and they attack those seeds that have not sprouted.

The whole farm calendar was upset: the tobacco should be stripped and packed, but the air is not moist enough and the leaves are liable to fall apart if they are handled now. Sheep and cattle, usually out at this season to find fresh pasture, cannot find enough to graze on.

Olive Harvest

The olive harvest is drawing to a close. The yield was on the whole excellent, except in those abandoned groves that have not been extensively reclaimed. There the trees suffered a good deal from last year's uneven rainfall distribution and from the heat waves that destroyed many blossoms at flowering time. The Mataei Haooma hopes to obtain some 250 tons of export oil at its Safad press, to which most of the 1,200 tons of olives that it expects in the Acre — Rosh Pinna belt are being sent.

Olives Dry Up in Spain

By a Special Correspondent

MADRID (OFNS). —

THE olives are drying up in Andalusia and dropping off the trees. In the newspapers daily appeals incite the pious to pray for divine intercession in the drought, while the old men shake their heads and talk of the effects of atomic explosions.

But if the prayers of the pious are answered, rain now will not rectify the damage already done, and it is expected that Spain, the biggest olive oil producer in the world, will be able to garner only half its normal crop of 600,000 tons of oil.

Disaster has lately been an annual event in Spain. Two years ago exceptional cold in the spring caused £35m. worth of havoc to the fruit crop and olive trees. Last year floods caused incalculable damage in the orange province of Valencia. This year the rain, which usually comes in September and October, failed entirely so that it became impossible to sow the scorched fields.

In Andalusia, where most of the ill-effects of the drought are felt, it is the rich landowner who will lose most money. But in this land of vast estates the big farmers are so rich that even a disaster of this magnitude will not disturb them greatly. As always it is the agricultural worker who will be hit. In provinces like Jaen, Cordoba, and Seville, where more than 70 per cent of the population engaged in agriculture are piece-workers, dependent for their meagre wages on the success of the harvests, the effects may well be catastrophic.

The entire economy of the Andalusian village revolves round the olive tree. The only industry is usually the olive mill. Many families earn half their annual income by going out for three weeks to pick the olive harvest. Women bring their babies; even the five-year-old child is there, bending over the dark fruit.

Less Money

Less money in the workers' lands means less money in the shops. Already the populations of Andalusian villages have seriously dwindled and the emigration to big cities is causing problems of employment and housing. In less than 20 years the population of cities like Cordoba has doubled. The effects of the present drought will increase misery and hasten emigration from the land. Perhaps the only advantage will be the further mechanization of agriculture and a rise in the salaries of farm labourers due to the shortage of labour.

In the cities themselves the cut in the olive crop means increased prices at a time when inflation is on the loose. Olive oil in Spain is as great a necessity as bread, and if it is scarce not even Government control can stop a further rise in prices. And this in turn must affect all goods.

Over the last three years the price of everything has doubled. Strangely enough it is not the town worker who suffers most in proportion. Two years ago, an overall increase in wages for the manual labourer was decreed, and the new building of workers' flats is impressive. Most workmen fill in their day with odd jobs, and payment for these has kept up with the increase in prices.

A-Bombs Not to Blame

By THOMAS R. HENRY

WASHINGTON (NANA). — ADMITTING that 1958 has been an unusual year for weather — tornadoes, dust storms and droughts — meteorologists are loth to blame nuclear explosions for it. In fact, the Chief of the U.S. Weather Bureau, Dr. F. W. Reichelderfer, told us in an exclusive interview that there is no evidence that such explosions produce any consequential changes in the world's weather.

Until the causes of weather processes are fully understood, said Dr. Reichelderfer, no one can say positively that nuclear explosions have had no lasting effect on them. However, no reasons have so far been found to believe that there has been such an effect, or that there will be if nuclear explosions are continued at the present rate.

Small Influence

The air's normal electrical conductivity is due primarily to ionization from natural radioactivity in the atmosphere and from cosmic rays, said Dr. Reichelderfer, and the ionizing power of man-made radioactivity remaining in the air several days after an atomic explosion is so small in comparison with these two influences that it can be neglected as a cause of weather changes.

Local showers close to the explosion point have been produced by atomic fission or fusion explosions, but only under conditions which would have favoured the formation of showers in the same area shortly thereafter in any case. There is no known observational evidence, according to the U.S. Weather Bureau Chief, to support a belief that any nuclear explosion has contributed directly to any widespread or extended precipitation.

It has been suggested that debris thrown into the air by nuclear explosions could convert supercooled water clouds to ice crystal clouds, altering geographic cloudiness and precipitation patterns. Tests over Nevada and the Pacific have shown, however, that these debris too are much less effective in cloud modification, and much less voluminous, than that present in the air naturally.

It has also been suggested that very powerful nuclear explosions could inject enough dust particles in the upper atmosphere to block incoming sunlight as did ash from the enormous Krakatoa explosion in 1883; and that such an immense dust blanket might change the weather over large areas and for several years. According to Dr Reichelderfer, however, there is no evidence from sunshine records to indicate that dust from nuclear explosions has in fact reduced incoming sunlight.

On the other hand, the records do show that unusual weather of the kind the world has gone through this year has been experienced before, and this is not the first time that it has been blamed on such man-made factors as cannon fire or even the smoke of the first railroad trains moving across the U.S. prairie.

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

Reparations Estimates Vary

Ha'aretz (non-party), discussing the discrepancy between the Treasury estimate of when German reparations would end (1963) and Mr. P. Shinnar's statement (1966) wonders how calculations could be so slipshod with regard to a subject of such top importance for our economy.

Al Hamishmar (Mapam) opposes higher export premia for citrus growers, whose profits are high enough. A boost could only further inflate our currency.

Davar (Histadrut) calls on the Knesset to rise to the occasion and agree to a referendum on constituency representation, since it will enable the voters to vote for individuals instead of party lists.

Hamodia (World Aguda) finds the registration issue so simple that it does not need restatement and concludes that a solution is being blocked only due to the obstinacy of some individuals who consider themselves authorized to enact new laws for our historic nation.

Hatzofe (National Religious), pointing out that Israel's latest offer to assist the refugees prior to a settlement shows how much we desire peace, assails the Arab rulers for using the refugees as a trump card in their campaign against us.

Writing in **Omer** (Histadrut) Walter Eytan estimates at $20m. the compensation due the refugees and shows that the U.N. has already spent approximately the same sum on taking care of the refugees for the past 10 years without bringing the problem one whit closer to a solution.

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ISRAEL RAILWAYS MANAGEMENT

READERS' LETTERS

Aims and Role Of World Jewish Congress

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In his Marginal Column of October 17, Mr. Arthur Super states, in connection with the bombing of synagogues in Atlanta, Georgia and Peoria, Illinois in the U.S., that

"The Jews were everywhere strangers and nowhere at home and were therefore looked upon as something of a ghost nation, and accordingly feared and hated, as Pinsker put it nearly eighty years ago. (The Zionist thesis) said that history taught that no Jewish community could enjoy permanent immunity from actual physical attack, and that only in a State of their own would Jews be able to defend themselves. Some Zionists even claimed that such a state could use the ordinary means of a sovereign Power to defend the rights of Jews threatened in other lands."

The writer of the marginal column did not mention that we Jews have a "World Jewish Congress," the aim of which is to do just this very thing — protecting or safeguarding the rights and privileges of any of those Jews who are not Israel citizens and in whose behalf Israel cannot intervene abroad, and who for one reason or another cannot for the time being liquidate their affairs, pack up and immigrate to Israel.

As is known, or should be, the world Jewish Congress is recognized by the U.N. as a Non-Governmental Organization (Category B), Specialized Agency. These are organizations which have a special competence, but are concerned specifically with only a few of the fields of activity covered by the Council (Economic and Social). They may send observers to public meetings, and have consultative status.

Maybe the recent anti-Jewish bombings will now awaken the minds, Jewish consciousness and Jewish pride, and stimulate them to prepare their children, if not themselves, to immigrate to Israel and to help in the upbuilding of the land of their forefathers.

By properly making use of these latest events, through mass meetings and articles in periodicals as well as in the daily press, a good deal can be done to prevent assimilation.

Let us therefore take advantage of these unhappy incidents and uiltize them for the good of Israel, and of those Jews who have so far kept aloof from "the stream of renaissance."

Yours, etc.
DAVID ELSTEIN

Jerusalem, November 4.

KEEPING POSTED

IT is not to be credited," wrote "Herut" a few days ago, "that such insolent words should be spoken by an Iraqi Arab from a platform in Israel." How right the paper was. Indeed it is not to be believed, for it never happened. Their reference was to a news item that appeared in that paper a day previously, reporting the opening of the Bahai Conference in Acre. This sober occasion was held to mark the first anniversary of the death of the Bahai leader, Shogi Rabbani. According to "Herut's" account, two Arab spokesmen, one an Iraqi and one a Sudanese, took the floor with impassioned speeches about the right of the Arab refugees to go to Israel. The Iraqi had some other uncomplimentary things to say about Israel as well. We recall reading his speech at the time and thinking there was

nothing much new in it, for it was made at the U.N. General Assembly session, and it ran along the same worn rails. By some mischance three paragraphs of the U.N. report of that night crept into the account of the Bahai conference in "Herut's" press — the sort of thing that could happen to any night editor and make-up man. It may make the man responsible wish he hadn't lived to see the morning, but in fact everybody knows that technical errors will happen and that they are caused neither by lack of judgment nor by malice. It is a very different matter, however, that three days later editorial comment should have appeared in the same paper attacking the Foreign Ministry for giving entry visas to citizens of enemy states, and demanding an explanation of such an action. "Who is responsible for letting them in?" the paper asks angrily — the general implication being that this Foreign Ministry does not know how to protect the nation's honour. It all comes of assuming that however grotesque a fact seems on the face of it, there must be a sinister motive on the part of the Government to explain it. And why check up and perhaps miss an opportunity to attack the "regime"?

• • •

THAT being so, we cannot worry unduly about the sinister motives imputed to this paper in allowing an error to creep into our report of Mr. Begin's opening speech at last week's Herut conference, in having him say that he would "force" foreign embassies to move to Jerusalem, when he really only said that he would "cause" them to move.

• • •

OUR Amsterdam correspondent writes that she has discovered a curious Dutch-Jewish combination of holiday celebrations, as the feast of St. Nicholas, celebrated on December 5, this year almost coincides with Hanukka. The festival has long lost its original religious significance, she says, and has long since become a general occasion for the giving of presents. Pupils at kindergartens and the first forms of elementary schools are busy singing St. Nicholas songs in anticipation of the great day. Among these pupils is five-year old Ilana, who arrived in Holland some months ago with her parents, who are orthodox Jews. Having grown up in Holland they know that St. Nicholas, unlike Christmas, is a folk celebration and do not object to Ilana participating whole heartedly in the St. Nicholas merriment. Ilana had been told at school that St. Nicholas is a very kindly old gentleman, with a long white beard. So one day she came home and wanted to know, 'Mammy, is St. Nicholas dati'?' (religious) —a question which, with reference to other persons, she had overheard in conversations at home. Though the teacher had not mentioned anything concerning St. Nicholas' religious views she supposed that such a saintly man, who moreover had such a fine long beard, could not but be 'dati.' — Her mother, for that matter, assured her that he was. For, if not even the saintly Bishop of Myra can be called religious, who can.

known these letters since early childhood, had never given them a thought until, this St. Nicholas season, we found an interview in one of the Dutch papers with a well-known and very enterprising Amsterdam Jewish grocer who pointed to the existence of these letters and their suitability as presents by Protestant clergymen to their children. According to this grocer, he has also a small export business in these letters to Jewish communities abroad, including Israel.

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THIS WEEK DRAWING OF MIFAL HAPAYIS, IL.30,000, AND HOUSING LOTTERY.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1957

1956 £		1957 £	1956 £		1957 £
797,579	Balance brought forward	818,815	900,000	Transferred to Miscellaneous Insurance Revenue Account	650,000
2,273,185	Interest, less Income Tax	2,372,548	550,000	Contribution to Staff Pension Fund	550,000
950,000	Transferred from Fire and Marine Revenue Account	450,000	168,333	United Kingdom and Overseas Taxes	182,660
84,084	Proportion of Life and Leasehold Redemption on Funds Profits	83,402	25,000	Written Off Freehold Premises	25,000
			150,000	Transferred to Revenue Reserves	200,000
			1,492,700	Dividend 1957, less Income Tax	1,580,905
			818,815	Balance carried forward	851,520
4,104,848		3,724,765	4,104,848		3,724,765

BALANCE SHEET AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1957

1956 £			1957 £	1956 £		1957 £
	Capital Authorized:				Fixed Assets:	
	1956 £3,750,000	1957 £8,000,000		1,779,373	Mortgages and Loans	2,514,410
3,540,000	Subscribed		3,894,000	21,071,704	Investments	22,508,724
	Share Premium		2,166,850	2,531,975	Leasehold and Freehold Properties	2,754,327
5,469,725	Revenue Reserves		5,302,914		Subsidiaries:	
18,152,694	Insurance Funds		19,179,385	4,142,559	Shareholdings therein	4,218,841
	Subsidiaries:			1,487,943	Amounts due thereby	942,864
1,109,349	Amounts due thereto		970,661	9,944,363	Current Assets	12,690,632
12,686,139	Liabilities and Provisions		13,215,988			
62,094,640	Life Funds (Total Funds Provisions and Liabilities)		87,616,908	62,094,640	Life Funds (Total Assets)	87,616,908
103,052,547			113,346,706	103,052,547		113,346,706

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT OF BUSINESS IN ISRAEL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1957

CREDIT 1956 IL.		1957 IL.	DEBIT 1956 IL.		1957 IL.
3,475	Interest	3,739	20,966	Balance of Profit transferred to Appropriation Account	32,996
17,491	Profit Transferred from Fire, Accident and Other Insurance Accounts	30,257			
20,966		32,996	20,966		32,996

APPROPRIATION ACCOUNT

1956 IL.		1957 IL.	1956 IL.		1957 IL.
20,966	Balance of Profit brought forward	32,996	3,085	Income Tax	
			17,881	Balance being net Profit Transferred to Head Office Account	9,495
					23,501
20,966		32,996	20,966		32,996

London, May 16, 1958

(Signed:) A. D. CLARK
Controller of Accounts

We have examined the above Profit and Loss Account of the Commercial Union Assurance Company Limited in Israel which has been prepared from the returns received from its agents and from the books of the Head Office in London and find it to be in accordance therewith.

London, May 16, 1958

(Signed:) Cooper Bros. & Co., Chartered Accountants

GENERAL AGENTS FOR ISRAEL:
THE LEVANT BONDED WAREHOUSES CO., LTD.
Tel Aviv: 119 Allenby Rd., Tel. 64874/5. Haifa: 1 Palmer's Gate, Tel. 4376/7/8.